July → 1874

JULY

MYSORE PROVINCE ~~JANUARY~~ 1874

PROCEEDINGS OF COLONEL SIR...J...MAIN, K.C.S.I.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

MYSORE PROVINCE,

JULY, 1874.

PROCEEDINGS

OF

COLONEL SIR R. J. MEADE, K. C. S. I.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER,

FOR THE

MONTH OF JULY, 1874.

PART I—A, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.—*Nil.*
DEPT. OF REV. AG. & COM.
Do. FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATION.—*Nil.*
MILITARY.—*Nil.*

PART II—B, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
DEPT. OF REV. AG. & COM.
Do. FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATION.
MILITARY.

BANGALORE:

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

1874.

PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE & COMMERCE.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

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1 to 2	*Budget Estimates of the Taluk Kasba Municipalities in the Mysore District.* Conveying sanction and remarking on certain points in connection with the rates on supari, and the proposal to give up the *mohatarfa* revenue to them.	No. 2650—37, dated 8th July 1874.	...	...	1 to 5
3 to 4	*Collection of notice fees and interest on arrears of land revenue, &c.* Directing Nundydroog Commissioner to exhibit the amounts in statement of miscellaneous collection, Class VIII, No. 7, as required by the Deputy Accountant General.	No. 2653—16, dated 9th July 1874.	...	...	5
5 to 6	*Forms of licenses to be issued by abkari farmers to retail vendors of toddy and drugs.* Approving of a revised set submitted by Nundydroog Commissioner and requesting Ashtagram and Nagar Commissioners to consider and report whether the forms are suitable for adoption in their respective Divisions.	No. 2668—72, dated 9th July 1874.	...	...	6 to 8
7	*Duplicate copy of coffee patta No.* 5489. Passing orders on the application of the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, for its issue.	No. 2696—17, dated 9th July 1874.	...	...	8
8 to 10	*Remission of assessment on lands, situated under certain tanks in the Tumkur Taluk.* Communicating orders on the subject to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, and Survey and Settlement Commissioner, further directing Commissioners of Divisions generally to take no action in respect of measures affecting assessment fixed by the settlement without previous reference to the Survey Department.	Nos. 2730—75, 2731—203 & 2732—18, dated 10th July 1874.	Nos. 19 to 20, Part I, of Progs., for March 1874, Revenue Agriculture and Commerce.	...	9
11 to 12	*Erection of boundary marks in the Kadur District.* Passing orders on a letter from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner shewing	No. 2987—218, dated 20th July 1874.	...	...	10 to 15

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Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
	that the officials of that District have entirely failed in their duty with regard to this important branch of settlement operations.				
13 to 14	*Draft of revised rules for the remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs.* Forwarding letter from Government of India on the subject to Survey and Settlement Commissioner for opinion on certain points noted.	No. 2993—219, dated 20th July 1874.	...	...	16 to 1
15 to 16	*Assessment to be levied on certain land in the village of Yemaganoor in the Dharwar Collectorate.* Passing orders on the subject.	No. 3128—53, dated 25th July 1874.	...	...	18
17 to 18	*Jamabandi of Talukas.* Forwarding letter from Survey and Settlement Commissioner on the subject to Commissioners of Divisions for the information and guidance of Districts and Taluk Revenue Authorities.	No. 3129—21, dated 25th July 1874.	...	...	19
19 to 20	*Grazing lands in a village other than those allotted to it as free common.* Approving of proposal submitted by the Survey and Settlement Commissioner on the subject, and issuing instructions for the guidance of the Officers concerned.	No. 3029—22, dated 29th July 1874.	...	...	20 to 21
21 to 22	*Sayer dues.* Passing orders on a letter from Ashtagram Commissioner submitting a proposal to farm the collection to private individuals.	No. 3333—47, dated 31st July 1874.	...	...	22 to 24

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 8th July 1874.

From the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 176—Rev. 28, dated Mysore, 16th June 1874.

I have the honor to submit, as requested in your letter No. 761—12 of the 29th ultimo, amended Budget Estimate, taluk kasbas in the Mysore District for the year 1874—75, together with copies of the * marginally noted correspondence, from which it will be observed that the duty on tobacco has been calculated at 4 annas per maund in accordance with the Chief Commissioner's orders, and that the item "cumblies" has been omitted.

*No. 136 of 14th May 1873, from Mysore.
" 217 of 2nd June 1874, to do
" 222 of 9th do 1874, from do

2. The rates at which arecanut is charged are a rupee and eight annas per maund.

From the Offg Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, To the Offg. Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, General No. 136, dated Mysore, 14th May 1874.

As directed in the Secretary's letter No. 761—12, received under cover of your docket No. 102 of the 5th instant, I have the honor to submit herewith an amended Budget for 1874—75 of the taluk kasbas, and to explain that the duty on tobacco has hitherto been levied at the rates of Rs. 3 and 2—8 respectively, according to the scale fixed for towns, and the same rates were proposed in the Budget, as it was submitted before the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings received with your letter No. 428 of 5th March last, which fixes the octroi duty on tobacco at 4 annas per maund.

2. A duty of one rupee and eight annas per maund is levied on supari. Circular orders have been issued to all the taluks prohibiting the levy of tax on cumblies as directed.

3. In consequence of these reductions, the income of the Municipalities has fallen so low that it is doubtful whether the object of their formation will be sufficiently carried out. For instance, one sweeper to a town is obviously inadequate, and Rs. 16 per annum is wholly insufficient for repairs and improvements. It is apparent therefore that, to place these Municipalities on a more satisfactory footing, some further aid is needed on the part of Government. I would propose therefore that the proceeds from the *mohatarfa* should be made over to them, as has been done in the case of District head-quarters and at Seringapatam, on the understanding that the Municipality should bear the cost of their own Police, provision for which was not made in new Police scheme.

From the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, No. 217, dated Mysore, 2nd June 1874.

In reply to your letter No. 136 of the 14th instant, resubmitting Budget Estimate for taluk kasbas in the Mysore District for 1874—75, I have the honor to enquire whether the amount provided for under the head "Tobacco" has been calculated at the rate of 4 annas per maund according to recent orders from the Chief Commissioner. The Budget is returned with a request that the rates may be mentioned against each item.

2. I am not prepared at present to recommend the transfer of *mohatarfa* to these Municipalities. The Police for these towns should be provided for in the new scheme if it has not been already done.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, To the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 222, dated 9th June 1874.

His letter No 217 of 2nd instant, returning the Budget Estimate for further information.

In reply to the above, re-submits the above, and states that the duty on tobacco has been calculated at the rate of 4 annas a maund agreeably to recent orders from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

The rates have been entered against each item of the Budget.

Budget Statement No. 1.—Approximate Estimate of Receipts and Expenditure of Municipal Funds for 1874—75.

CHAMRAJNAGAR.

No.	Detail of Receipts.	Actuals of past year, 1872—73.	Actuals of first 6 months of current and previous years. 1873—74	1872—73	Estimate for 1874—75.			No.	Expenditure.	Estimate for 1874—75.			Total.		
1	Cloth from Her Majesty's Territories at 5 per cent	...	...	...	100	0	0	1	Manégar at Rs. 7	84	0	0			
2	Supari, Rs. 1—0—0 and Annas 8...	...	...	...	150	0	0	1	Sweeper at Rs. 4	48	0	0			
3	Tobacco, Annas 4 per maund	...	...	...	50	0	0	1	Bullock at Rs. 6	72	0	0			
4	Fines for cattle trespass	...	...	...	50	0	0	1	Peon at Rs. 5	60	0	0			
5	Sale proceeds of cattle...	...	...	...	50	0	0						264	0	0
6	Do buildings	...	...	...	...	...	...		Writer's allowance at Rs. 5	60	0	0			
7	Do town amrayi	...	...	...	...	...	...		Purchase of baskets and stationery at Rs. 5	60	0	0			
8	Do fort stones	...	...	...	...	...	...		Repairs of roads, &c.	16	0	0			
													136	0	0
	Total.....	...	...	...	400	0	0		Total.....	...	...	...	400	0	0

YEDATORE.

No.	Detail of Receipts.	Actuals of past year, 1872—73.	Actuals of first 6 months of current and previous years. 1873—74	1872—73	Estimate for 1874—75.			No.	Expenditure.	Estimate for 1874—75.			Total.		
1	Cloth from Her Majesty's Territories	...	...	...	250	0	0	1	Manégar at Rs. 7	84	0	0			
2	Supari, 1—0—0; 0—8—0	...	...	...	100	0	0	1	Sweeper at Rs. 4	48	0	0			
3	Tobacco, 4 Annas per maund	...	...	...	25	0	0	1	Peon at Rs. 5	60	0	0			
4	Fine for cattle trespass...	...	...	...	88	0	0	2	Bullocks at Rs. 6	144	0	0			
5	Sale proceeds of cattle...	...	...	...	62	0	0						336	0	0
6	Do buildings	...	...	...	...	...	...		Writer's allowance at Rs. 2	24	0	0			
7	Do town amrayi	...	...	...	...	...	...		Baskets and stationery at Rs. 4	48	0	0			
8	Do fort stones	...	...	...	...	...	...		Repairs of roads, &c.	50	0	0			
													122	0	0
									Total.....	...	...	...	458	0	0
									Balance.....	67	0	0			
	Total.....	...	...	...	525	0	0		Grand Total.....	...	...	...	525	0	0

HEGGADDEVANKOTE.

No.	Detail of Receipts.	Actuals of past year, 1872—73.	Actuals of first 6 months of current and previous years. 1873—74	1872—73	Estimate for 1874—75.			No.	Expenditure.	Estimate for 1874—75.			Total.		
1	Cloth from Her Majesty's Territories at 5 per cent	...	...	...	120	0	0	1	Manégar at Rs. 7	84	0	0			
2	Supari, Rs. 1—0—0 and Annas 8	...	...	...	100	0	0	1	Sweeper at Rs. 4	48	0	0			
3	Tobacco, 4 Annas per maund	...	...	...	40	0	0	1	Peon at Rs. 5	60	0	0			
4	Fines for cattle trespass	...	...	...	75	0	0	1	Bullock at Rs. 6	72	0	0			
5	Sale proceeds of cattle...	...	...	...	90	0	0						264	0	0
6	Do buildings	...	...	...	...	...	...		Writer's allowance at Rs. 4	48	0	0			
7	Do town amrayi	...	...	...	...	...	...		Baskets and stationery at Rs. 2	24	0	0			
8	Do fort stones	...	...	...	...	...	...		Repairs of roads	50	0	0			
													122	0	0
									Total.....	...	...	...	386	0	0
									Balance.....	39	0	0			
	Total.....	...	...	...	425	0	0		Grand Total.....	...	...	...	425	0	0

GUNDLUPET.

1	Cloth, 5 per cent							100	0	0	1	Manégar at Rs. 7				84	0	0			
2	Supari, Rs. 1—0—0 and Annas 8							7	13	0	2	Sweepers at Rs. 4 each				96	0	0			
3	Tobacco, 4 Annas per maund							12	4	0	2	Peons at Rs. 6 each				120	0	0			
4	Fines for cattle trespass							101	14	0	1	Bullock at Rs. 6				72	0	0			
5	Sale proceeds of cattle...							51	14	0									372	0	0
6	Do buildings							211	1	0	Writer's allowance at Rs. 4					48	0	0			
7	Do town amrayi							20	0	0	Baskets and stationery at Rs. 2					24	0	0			
8	Do fort stones							...	...	...	Repairs of roads, &c.					50	0	0			
																			122	0	0
															Total.....	...	...	...	494	0	0
															Balance.....	10	14	0			
				Total.....		...	...	...	504	14	0				Grand Total.....	...	...	...	504	14	0

NANJANGUD.

1	Cloth, 5 per cent							100	0	0	1	Manégar at Rs. 7				84	0	0			
2	Supari, Rs. 1—0—0 and Annas 8							160	0	0	4	Sweepers at Rs. 4				192	0	0			
3	Tobacco, 4 Annas per maund							50	0	0	2	Peons at Rs. 5				120	0	0			
4	Fines for cattle trespass							200	0	0	3	Bullocks at Rs. 6				216	0	0			
5	Sale proceeds of cattle...							200	0	0		Writer's allowance at Rs. 5				60	0	0			
6	Do buildings							50	0	0									612	0	0
7	Do town amrayi							100	0	0		Baskets and stationery at Rs. 8				96	0	0			
8	Do fort stones							...	0	0		Repairs of roads, &c.				92	0	0			
																			248	0	0
				Total		...	...	...	860	0	0				Total.....	...	...	...	860	0	0

MANDYA.

1	Cloth, 5 per cent							75	0	0	1	Manégar at Rs. 7				84	0	0			
2	Supari, Rs. 1 and 8 Annas							...	...	...	1	Sweeper at Rs. 4				48	0	0			
3	Tobacco, 4 Annas per maund							60	0	0	1	Bullock at Rs. 5				72	0	0			
4	Fines for cattle trespass							78	10	0	1	Peon at Rs. 5				60	0	0			
5	Sale proceeds of cattle...							57	12	0									264	0	0
6	Do buildings							20	0	0		Baskets and stationery at Rs. 4				48	0	0			
7	Do town amrayi							30	0	0		Repairs of roads				9	0	0			
8	Do fort stones							...	...	...											
																			57	0	0
				Total.....		...	...	...	321	6	0				Total.....	...	...	...	321	0	0

No.	Detail of Receipts.	Actuals of past year, 1872—73.	Actuals of first 6 months of current and previous years. 1873—74	1872—73	Estimate for 1874—75.	Expenditure.	Estimates for 1874—75.	Total.
	TALKAD.							
1	Cloth, 5 per cent ...	...	...	...	50 0 0	1 Manégar at Rs. 7	84 0 0	
2	Supari, Rs. 1 and Annas 8 ...	...	...	...	55 0 0	1 Sweeper at Rs. 4	48 0 0	
3	Tobacco, 4 Annas per maund ...	...	...	...	20 0 0			132 0 0
4	Fines for cattle trespass ...	...	...	...	10 0 0	Baskets, &c., at Rs. 3	36 0 0	
5	Sale proceeds of cattle... ...	...	...	...	20 0 0	Road repairs, &c.	12 0 0	
6	Do buildings ...	...	...	...	25 0 0			48 0 0
7	Do town amrayi ...	...	...	...	... ...			
8	Do fort stones ...	...	...	...	... ...			
	Total.....	...	...	...	180 0 0	Total.....		180 0 0
	MADDUR.							
1	Cloth, 5 per cent	...	...	...	20 0 0	1 Manégar at Rs. 7	84 0 0	
2	Supari, Rs. 1 and Annas 8 ...	...	...	...	85 0 0	1 Sweeper at Rs. 4	48 0 0	
3	Tobacco, 4 Annas per maund ...	...	...	...	15 0 0			132 0 0
4	Fines for cattle trespass ...	...	...	...	20 0 0	Contingencies at Rs. 2	24 0 0	
5	Sale proceeds of cattle	...	...	...	35 0 0	Repairs of roads	19 0 0	
6	Do building ...	...	...	...	... ...			43 0 0
7	Do town amrayi ...	...	...	...	... ...			
8	Do fort stones ...	...	...	...	... ...			
	Total.....	...	...	...	175 0 0	Total.....	...	175 0 0
	MALVALLI.							
1	Cloth, 5 per cent	...	...	...	40 0 0	1 Manégar	84 0 0	
2	Supari, Rs. 1 and Annas 8 ...	...	...	...	60 0 0	1 Sweeper	48 0 0	
3	Tobacco, 4 Annas per maund ...	...	...	...	30 0 0	2 Bullocks	144 0 0	
4	Fines for cattle trespass ...	...	...	...	150 0 0	2 Peons	120 0 0	
5	Sale proceeds of cattle... ...	...	...	...	200 0 0			396 0
6	Do buildings ...	...	...	...	36 0 0	Contingencies	48 0 0	
7	Do town amrayi ...	...	...	...	10 0 0	Road repairs	82 0 0	
8	Do fort stones ...	...	...	...	... 0 0			130 0 0
						Total.....	... .	526 0 0
						Total Income.....	... .	3,917 4 0
	Total.....	...	...	...	526 0 0	Deduct Expenditure.....	... .	3,800 0 0
					3,917 4 0			

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 9th July 1874.

No. 2650—Rev. 37, dated Bangalore, 8th July 1874.

Order thereon.—The Budget Estimates of the Taluk Kasba Municipalities of the ysore District, for the year 1874—75, are sanctioned.

2. The rates of duty on supari, *viz.*, 1 rupee on the 1st sort, and 8 annas on the d, appear to Colonel Meade too high, and require consideration hereafter.

3. The Chief Commissioner is not at present in favor of Major Hill's proposal for ving up the *mohatarfa* revenue to these small Municipalities.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Offg. Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Rev. No. 51, dated Bangalore, 4th June 1874.

With reference to the remarks made in the Statement Class X, No. D. of the Bangalore District, for ruary 1874, regarding the collection of notice fees and interest on arrears of land revenue, &c, I e the honor to inform you that realizations on that account were hitherto exhibited in the Annual tement Class VIII, No. 8. The Deputy Accountant General having ordered the transfer of the l item from the Statement of Land Revenue to that of Miscellaneous Collection, I have the honor to uest your early instructions whether the item under reference should be shewn in Statement Class II, No. 8, as heretofore, or in Statement Class VIII, No. 7, as required by the Deputy Accountant neral.

2. The revenue derived under the head Revenue Process Fees appears to have been credited in Treasury accounts under the head I "Land Revenue, Miscellaneous." Instructions are also solicited ether such sums should be shewn in the Annual Return Class VIII, No. 8, or Class VIII, No. 7.

No. 2655—Rev. 16, dated Bangalore, 9th July 1874.

Order thereon.—The Chief Commissioner directs that notice fees and interest on ears of revenue shall be henceforth shewn in Statement of Miscellaneous Collection, ss VIII, No. 7, as required by the Deputy Accountant General, the sums accruing der all heads of revenue liable to those charges being separately and distinctly shewn.

2. The proceeds of the Revenue Process Fees should be included in the Statement ss VIII, No. 8, Land Revenue, Miscellaneous.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 9th July 1874.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 73, R, dated Bangalore, 1st July 1874.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings, No. 187—G, dated 10th April 1874, I have the honor to forward two revised forms of licenses, *viz.*, one for permitting the vend of toddy, and another for the sale of drugs, a new clause having been added as per instructions contained in para 4 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings.

2. The matter of quantity was referred to the Deputy Commissioners for opinion, and I have entered in the license a mean quantity between the highest and lowest issues recommended, and on consideration, I am of opinion that the quantities noted in the present draft licenses may safely be authorized.

3. With reference to the additional clause noted in para 4 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings, I have the honor to bring to notice that the arrack licenses for the current year have already been issued, and to avoid giving rise to confusion, or any doubts on the part of the vendors, I would recommend that the additional condition be added to the licenses that will be issued in April next.

Form of Retail Toddy License.

Registered No.

Name of License-holder.

Name of Vendor or Shopman.

Locality.

We do hereby grant a license for the retail vend of toddy produced in the Mysore country to in the Taluk of in the District of in the Nundydroog Division on the following conditions :

I. This license is not transferable by sale, gift, mortgage, or otherwise, and no other persons than those mentioned in the license shall have power to act under this license.

II. The license-holder shall purchase toddy from the Government farmers or their sub-contractors.

III. Sale of toddy shall be made only in the shop for which this license is granted and not elsewhere upon any pretext whatever.

IV. The toddy sold shall not be diluted or adulterated or kept more than four days.

V. The license-holder shall not give toddy in any quantity whatever, either directly or indirectly, to any European Non-Commissioned Warrant Officer, or private soldier, or to any European, East Indian or native women wearing European clothing connected with, or related to, men of these classes, and that he shall not permit disorderly behaviour in his shop or premises, and shall not suffer any gambling whatever therein, and shall not knowingly permit persons of bad character to meet therein, nor permit any person to take toddy in any such quantity as to produce stupefaction in the case of such person. Information of suspicious characters shall be given to the Magistrate or Police Officer.

VI. The license-holder shall not sell to any person more than three measuring seers of toddy to be consumed in the shop. He shall not allow any one to take the same out of his shop on any pretence whatever, with the exception of bakers who are permitted to purchase and remove the quantity of toddy specified in the pass held by them.

VII. The license-holder shall receive ready money only for toddy sold. The shop shall be closed by 9 P. M., and not opened before 6 A. M., unless under special permission on occasions of native festivals, &c.

VIII. The shop shall have only one door, and no windows, &c., shall be allowed in rear or at the ends of the building. The bar where toddy is sold shall be opposite to the entrance door, or so situated that all persons inside the shop can be seen by any one passing to and fro in the street, and no second room used for the sale of toddy shall be kept open for customers.

IX. The license-holder shall not sell toddy for less than the minimum price as follows :—

In the District Head Quarters per measuring seer. In Kasbas of taluks per measuring seer. In villages per measuring seer.

X. A breach of the above conditions and restrictions will subject the holder of the license and vendor to a fine not exceeding Rs. 100, and to the immediate forfeiture of the license.

XI. The Deputy Commissioner of the District may, on occasion of troops marching through, or whenever a serious disturbance of the public peace is apprehended on reasonable grounds duly shewn, cause all toddy shops in the immediate vicinity to be kept closed for such time as he shall direct.

XII. This license shall continue in force till the month and no longer. A toddy shop is subject to the payment of the usual *mohatarfa* tax.

Form of License for Opium, Ganja and Majim.

Registered No.

Name of License-holder.

Name of Vendor or Shopman.

Locality.

We do hereby grant a license for the retail vend of ganja or majim or opium, produced in the Mysore country to in the Taluk of in the District of in the Nundydroog Division on the following conditions :—

I. This license is not transferable by sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise, and no other persons than those mentioned in the license shall have power to act under this license.

II. The license-holder shall purchase opium, ganja and majim from the Government farmers or their sub-contractors.

III. Sale of opium, ganja and majim shall be made only in the shop for which this license is granted and not elsewhere upon any pretext whatever.

IV. The opium, ganja and majim sold, shall not be adulterated.

V. The license-holder shall not give opium, ganja or majim in any quantity whatever, either directly or indirectly, to any European, Non-Commissioned or Warrant Officer, East Indian or native women wearing European clothing connected with or related to men of these classes, and he shall not permit disorderly behaviour in his shop or premises, and shall not suffer any gambling whatever therein, and shall not knowingly permit persons of bad character to meet therein, nor permit any person to take opium, ganja and majim in any such quantity as to produce stupefaction in the case of such person. Information of suspicious characters shall be given to the Magistrate or Police Officer.

VI. The license-holder shall not sell to any person more than 4 tolas weight of ganja, or 4 tolas weight of majim or 2 tolas of opium to be consumed in the shop. He shall not allow any one to take the same out of the shop on any pretence whatever, with the exception of holders of licenses for maddath khanas, who are permitted to purchase and remove two seers weight of opium for the preparation of maddath on producing a pass signed by the contractor or contractors.

VII. The license-holder shall receive ready money only for opium, ganja and majim sold. The shop shall be closed by 9 P. M. and not opened before 6 A. M.

VIII. The shop shall have only one door, and no windows, &c., shall be allowed in rear or at the ends of the building. The bar where opium, ganja and majim is sold shall be opposite to the entrance door, or so situated that all persons inside the shop can be seen by any one passing to and fro in the street, and no second room used for the sale of opium, ganja and majim shall be kept open for customers.

IX. The license-holder shall not sell opium, ganja and majim for less than the minimum prices.

X. The breach of the above conditions and restrictions will subject the holder of this license and vendor to a fine not exceeding Rs. 100, and to the immediate forfeiture of the license.

XI. This license shall continue in force till the March and no longer. The shop is subject to the payment of usual *mohatarfa* tax.

No. 2668—Rev. 72, dated Bangalore, 9th July 1874.

Order thereon.—The revised forms of licenses, submitted with the above for issue by abkari farmers to retail-vendors of toddy and drugs, are approved and sanctioned.

2. The Commissioners of Ashtagram and Nagar are requested to consider and report whether the forms of licenses sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner are suitable for adoption in their respective Divisions.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 2696—Rev. 17, dated Bangalore, 9th July 1874.

Order.—With his docket No. 25 of the 18th May 1874, the Deputy Commissioner of Hassan submits for the Chief Commissioner's countersignature, a duplicate copy of coffee *patta* No. 5489, granted to one Erammi in the Manjarabad Taluk, for delivery to Mr. James Sanderson, in whose name one of the five pieces comprising the estate specified in the original *patta* has been transferred at the request of Mr. R. C. Sanderson, the purchaser thereof.

2. The Chief Commissioner observes that, under the existing orders on this subject, no fresh *patta* can issue when an estate changes hands; but the transfer is recorded on the back of the original grant and signed by the Deputy Commissioner of the District under the authority conveyed in this Office docket No. 2936—42, dated the 27th August 1870, to the Superintendent of the Ashtagram Division. But this course is only feasible in cases where a whole estate for which a distinct *patta* has been granted is transferred, and not in cases like the present, in which only a portion of an estate is alienated and the remainder retained by the original holder. At the same time, the Chief Commissioner has reason to believe that the mere entry by the Deputy Commissioner of the transfer of such portion on the back of the original *patta* would not naturally be regarded as a sufficient guarantee by the transferree, who desires to have in his own keeping a grant in some shape direct from Government.

3. On a full consideration of the question, the Chief Commissioner is of opinion that the best course in such cases is to issue a copy of the original, specifying in a foot-note the portion of the estate sold or otherwise transferred. Portions of estates so transferred will be demarcated as whole numbers by the Survey Department.

4. The duplicate *patta*, received from the Deputy Commissioner of Hassan, will be signed and returned with the Kanarese proceedings connected therewith.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 10th July 1874.

No. 2730.
Rev. 75.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
DATED BANGALORE, 10*th July* 1874.

To

THE COMMISSIONER, NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.

SIR,

In continuation of this Office Proceedings No. 6753—301, dated 13th March 1874, I am directed to inform you that the Chief Commissioner's Order No. 808—29, R, dated 15th May 1873, is also placed in abeyance, pending receipt of a report called for from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner on the case of the 29 tanks in question.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 2731.
R. 203,

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
DATED BANGALORE, 10*th July* 1874.

FROM

THE OFFICIATING SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE.

To

THE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT COMMISSIONER, MYSORE.

SIR,

In reply to your letter No. 994, dated 16th June 1874, I am directed to refer you to a Circular Order No. 2732—R. 18, issued this day to Commissioners of Divisions, and to request you to institute a close enquiry in communication with the Deputy Commissioner of the District into the case of all the 29 tanks in the Túmakúr Taluk referred to by you, and to submit a full report for the orders of the Chief Commissioner as to the claims of the parties concerned to the remission they demand.

2. The Commissioner of Nundydroog has been directed to hold the Order No. 808-29, R, dated 15th May 1873, also in abeyance, pending receipt of the report now called for.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 2732—REV. 18, DATED BANGALORE, 10TH JULY 1874.

CIRCULAR ORDER.—Some instances having recently come to the knowledge of the Chief Commissioner in which proposals affecting the settlement measures of the Revenue Survey in settled taluks have been made by the Revenue Authorities without previous reference to the Survey Department, the Chief Commissioner directs that no separate action in respect of such measures, or in matters affecting the assessment fixed by the settlement, shall, in future, be taken by the Revenue Authorities without such previous reference.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 20th July 1874.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1004, dated Dharwar, 18th June 1874.

I have the honor to forward for the consideration of the Chief Commissioner a letter and appendices from the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 444, dated 30th ultimo, regarding the difficulties which have been met with in obtaining the erection of the boundary marks in the Chikmagalur Taluk by means of the villagers as directed by the orders of the Chief Commissioner, No. 5046—45 of the 5th December last.

2. In this taluk, the plan desired to be introduced has proved a complete and expensive failure; the marks have not been erected by the agency desired, and the loss of time by the Survey in consequence has been great.

3. That the influence of the District and Village Officers could be insufficient to procure the erection of the marks in any way they chose to direct, I do not for one moment believe. The fault lies I believe, in their not applying themselves with a will and determination to carry out the Chief Commissioner's orders.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shews that he imposed fines to the extent of nearly 700 rupees in his attempt to make the villagers put up the marks, on the necessity for this I can give no opinion; of the futile result of the fines, there can be no doubt. The only conclusion I can come to is that the Deputy Commissioner and Amildars have not got the influence which such Officers usually have in Mysore, or that they had some reason for not chosing to exert it, the last case I should suppose to be more probable than the first.

From the Superintendent, Revenue Survey in Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 444, dated Honnali, 30th May 1874.

I have the honor to submit the Deputy Superintendent's report No. 405 of the 9th instant, on the subject of the arrears of boundary marks in the Chikmagalur Taluk, called for in your memo No. 765 of the 6th May 1874, under the report for the quarter ending 31st March 1874.

2. The correspondence on the subject is very voluminous, but is nevertheless herewith attached; what has taken place will however be more easily understood from the following precis.

3. Captain Anderson informed me in his letter No. 207* of the 5th March, that the boundary mark work in the Chikmagalur Taluk was in a very unsatisfactory state of arrears, quoting Lieutenant Price's demi-official letter of the 25th February to the effect that he had taken the Amildar round some seven villages, in four of which not a single mark had been erected and a great many stones were in arrears, while in the remaining three villages boundary mark work was in progress, but sadly in arrears.

* Accompaniments to which are Kadur District Dy. Commr.'s letters, Nos. 864 and 889, dated 21st Feb. and 28th Feb. 1874, respectively.

4. The Deputy Commissioner in his letter No. 889 of the 28th February, recommended an eight annas rate per *bánd*, and, as to the non-erection of boundary marks, he shewed that nearly 700 rupees was the amount of fines imposed upon the villagers, and that he had suspended two Patels for their disrespectful demeanour.

5. With reference to the above (letter of the Deputy Commissioner's No. 889), I requested that Officer's further opinion as to the proper rate per *bánd*, pointing out that the intention of the Government, in Order No. 5046—Revenue 45 of the 5th December 1873, was to save the villagers from the introduction of outside labor, and that the influence of the District Officers was relied upon to make the villagers erect the *bánds*, not at what they (the villagers) considered a fair rate, but at that rate which was considered fair and moderate by the District Officers.

Letter No. 160 of the 6th March.

6. In the meantime, in his letter No. 233 of the 12th March, Captain Anderson again brought to my notice that the state of the boundary marks was terribly in arrears, and requested me to inform him what fresh steps should be taken in the matter. I replied to the above, in my letter No. 191 of the 13th March, that I would authorize Lieutenants Price and McCally to put in Waddars and get the boundary marks erected at eight annas per *bánd*, or under if possible, in such villages as all other measures had failed in; the District influence had evidently failed, and as the work was in danger, that I gave a general sanction to the Officers above mentioned, stipulating only that they should keep the Deputy Superintendent informed of the names of the villages in which they had to take extreme measures as above, and requesting that they would use the power given them with discretion.

7. In advertence to my letter No. 160, quoted in para 5 of this letter, the Deputy Commissioner forwarded *two tabular statements shewing the state of the erection of boundary marks and stones in the Chikmagalur Taluk. By the first one it was shewn that in all the villages of Bendaga and three of the Basvanhalli Maganis, Lieutenant Price had already adopted measures to get the work done by Government agency ;† in all the other villages, the Deputy Commissioner said the ryots themselves were doing the work. The Deputy Commissioner moreover informed me in the same letter that he had had the Patels and Shanbhogs up before him, pointed out to them the advantages to be gained by putting up their own *bánds* and had obtained promises from them to complete what was left undone within a fixed number of days. With regard to the rate of hire to be allowed for the erection of *bánds*, the Deputy Commissioner stated that Survey operations being in progress in all the villages at one and the same time and all hands engaged, the assistance of outsiders had to be sought in some few places, and they demanded the higher rate of eight annas. But this, the Deputy Commissioner confessed, applied only to the few Malnad villages, and which the Survey Department had already taken in hand. Looking at the actual work, he thought four annas per *bánd* sufficient.

*No. 1018 of the 25th March.

8. I forwarded the above *with the two tabular statements in question to Captain Anderson, and stated that the boundary mark work was very differently reported upon by the Amildar to what it was by Lieutenants Price and McCally, and that I did not trust, the formers' (the Amildar's) representations, and ordered the two statements to be sent to the Assistants concerned for further report after ten days from their receipt.

*With this Office No. 234 of 31st March 1874.

9. Lieutenant Price, in his letter No. 37 of the 15th April, describes the state of boundary mark work as follows :—

Kasba Sakrepatna	.. Three hundred numbers still not ready.
Yere Krishnapura	.. The marks erected are all so small that the whole inspection has to be done over again, in some instances the villagers breaking up the regulation stones into small pieces.
Nineteen villages of the Sakrepatna Magni	.. Boundary mark inspection in all this magni finished, except in 5 villages. Lieutenant Price provided Waddars to erect the *bánds*, the villagers providing stones and burying them. Great difficulty experienced in this latter portion of the work.
Kasba Basvanhalli	.. Village finished measuring over a month ; boundary marks still in arrears.
Baleballi, Aralguppi	.. Difficulty in getting the villagers to bury stones ; work still in arrears.
Hirekolala, Chik Kolala	.. *Bánds* erected by Lieutenant Price, all ready, but sinking stones incomplete.

10. With reference to the above, I directed in my Memo No. 332 of the 29th April, that if the villagers were deaf to all persuasion in the matter of burying stones, other agency might be employed.

11. With regard to Lieutenant McCally's portion of the Chikmagalur Taluk, Captain Anderson stated, in his letter No. 377 of the 2nd May, that the whole work was in danger, that Lieutenant McCally was employing outside labor, and that he had insisted upon him (Lieutenant McCally) remaining in the taluk until the work was in good order and arrears brought up. In reply to which, in my letter No. 342 of the 4th instant, I condemned Lieutenant McCally's want of energy in not using outside labor, but awaited further report.

12. Lieutenant McCally, in his letter No. 60 of 13th instant, replied at great length, and I would request particular attention to his letter. I certainly condemn Lieutenant McCally's conduct in not availing himself of my sanction, but at the same time he certainly appears to have hoped that the District influence would set matters right. I must let Lieutenant McCally's letter speak for itself.

13. It appears from a statement received from Lieutenant McCally, with his letter No. 60 of the 13th instant, that an immense number of *bánds* and stones are yet in arrears.

† Outside Labor is meant

14. It is not easy to summarize a cross correspondence like the above, but one thing is very clear, namely, that in both establishments, but to a far greater extent in Lieutenant McCally's establishment, there has been incessant trouble and extra work thrown upon both Assistants and measurers by trying to use the unwilling labor of the villagers in preference to the willing and skilled labor of the Waddars who, when I was at Sakrepatna early during the present season, were most anxious to be employed. In some taluks we can get the villagers to work; in others, as in the case under report, no amount of persuasion will induce them to work, and rather than do so they call in the Waddars themselves * and pay them 8 annas per *bánd*; but unfortunately (*vide* Para 2 of Lieutenant Price's letter No. 37 of the 15th April 1874) the villagers are bad paymasters, and the Waddars require regular and punctual payment.

*Deputy Commissioner's No. 864 of 21st February 1874.

15. The temper of the people varies much in different taluks; thus, in Chikmagalur—a well populated taluk—the people will do no work if they can possibly help it, while in Nagar and Kavaledurga, where much difficulty might have been expected, matters go smoothly, and the people erect their own marks without payment, and consequently without any future collection. In Chikmagalur, the out-turn of work has been most seriously affected by not employing Waddars, and with the heavy fining that the Deputy Commissioner has been obliged to resort to, it is doubtful whether the main object of the plan of making the villagers erect their own marks has been attained. I put these remarks forward, because I believe that, in the interests of Government, outside labor must be employed more generally than the Chief Commissioner's Order No. 5046—Rev. 45 of the 5th December 1873 would appear to permit. As in Chikmagalur I have been obliged to make use of Waddar agency, all other measures having failed, so also may I have to adopt similar measures in other taluks. The unfortunate part of the above arrangement is that only when heavy arrears have accumulated and the District influence failed, can effective agency be employed. There is no doubt whatever that the way to push on measurement rapidly is to employ Waddars from first to last in a taluk. Of course, should the villagers elect to put up their own marks without payment, they would be permitted to do so.

16. The gist of what I propose is that the Superintendent of Survey should use his discretion in fixing what taluks should have Waddar agency with the alternative offered to the villagers of putting up their own *bánds*, and what taluks should have the provisions of the Chief Commissioner's Orders, No. 5046—Rev. 45 of the 5th December 1873, applied to them.

17. The expedient of getting an influential man of a village or even of a group of villages to take a contract has been proved impracticable.

From the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Mysore, To the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Mysore, No. 405, dated Kumsi, 9th May 1874.

In reply to your Memo No. 360 of the 7th instant, I beg to furnish the following report concerning the arrears that exist in the boundary mark work in the Chikmagalur Taluk of the Kadur District, and the steps that have been taken to get them completed.

2. When I visited the establishments employed there, in the commencement of January this year, Lieutenants Price and McCally, the Officers in charge of the establishments, brought to my notice that the demarcation work was progressing very slowly, and I spoke to the Amildar about it, requesting him to exert himself in the matter, which he promised to do. I also wrote to the Amildar on the 11th March on Lieutenant Price reporting certain villages in which he thought the boundary marks could be got up with the aid of the Amildar.

3. On the 26th January, I first addressed the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District on the subject of erecting boundary marks in the uninhabited villages of the taluk, and on the 23rd February again wrote to that Officer drawing attention to my former letter being unanswered, informing him that the boundary marks in nearly every village, inhabited and uninhabited, were greatly in arrears, and requesting that as the assistance given by the taluk authorities up to date had been insufficient, that he would, in accordance with Chief Commissioner's Order No. 4046—45 of the 5th December 1873, take such steps as he deemed necessary to ensure the completion of the work.

4. The Deputy Commissioner replied to the above in his letters Nos. 864 and 889 of the 21st and 28th February respectively, recommending the employment of outside labor in the uninhabited villages, and, with regard to the others, stated that fines to a large amount were in course of being levied, and that he had ordered the Amildar and Peshkar to Lieutenant Price's and Lieutenant McCally's camps to aid the work, and hoped that these measures would suffice.

5. Having in the interval received fresh reports from both the above mentioned Assistants that the work was still in the same state, I, on the 5th March, reported the whole case to the Superintendent, forwarding the previous correspondence that had taken place with the Deputy Commissioner, and informed him that the arrears were very serious, and that some land would have to be remeasured owing to the temporary marks that were made when measuring in December and January having been since destroyed by cattle, &c., and requesting instructions. The Superintendent replied, in his letter No. 191 of 13th March, that as the work was in danger from the land measured not having been demarcated, and that as the District influence had evidently failed, he sanctioned the employment of outside labor in all villages where the Survey Assistants should consider it absolutely necessary, and requested them to use this sanction with discretion and report all cases in which they availed themselves of it.

6. Since March, some correspondence has taken place between the Superintendent and the Deputy Commissioner, which is filed in the Superintendent's Office.

7. Lieutenants Price and McCally availed themselves of the sanction granted by the Superintendent to a very limited extent until the commencement of the present month when, seeing from the reports that the demarcation, especially in Lieutenant McCally's portion of the taluk (who reported upwards of 6,000 earthen boundary marks as being in arrears) was in such a state as to endanger the whole work, I wrote and requested those Officers to hesitate no longer but to employ "Waddars" in all villages in which there were considerable arrears, which is now being done.

P. S.—Since writing the above, I have received a letter from Lieutenant McCally in which he states, with reference to para 7 above, "the villagers petitioned and moreover gave promises to the Deputy Commissioner that they would get up their boundary marks without delay, and, at the earnest request of that Officer, I gave the villagers another opportunity of fulfilling their promises.

From the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, No. 92, dated Hariharpur, 26th January 1874.

I have the honor to bring to your notice that Lieutenant McCally, the Officer in charge of one of the establishments employed in measuring the Taluk of Chikmagalur of the Kadur District, has reported difficulty in getting up the boundary marks in the "*Bechirak* villages" in which there is no cultivation whatever.

2. Work in the above taluk having been commenced before the receipt of Chief Commissioner's No. 5046—45, the rate of four annas per earthen mound was fixed by the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, without referring the question to you as suggested in para 15 of Survey Commissioner's letter contained in above Proceedings, that being the rate which obtained in neighbouring Taluks of Kadur and Banavar, a man's labor being calculated as being worth about 4 annas a day.

3. There being, however, the difficulty referred to by Lieutenant McCally, I should feel obliged by your informing me what steps you would advise being taken with a view to the work being done as quickly and as economically as possible. Until the receipt of your reply, I have directed Lieutenant McCally to spare no exertions with the aid of the Amildar of the taluk, in getting up the required marks by means of the neighbouring villagers.

From the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, No. 164, dated Anantapur, 23rd February 1874.

I have the honor to forward for your consideration extract from a letter No. 12 of the 14th instant from Lieutenant McCally, one of the Assistant Superintendents, Mysore Revenue Survey, in charge of a measuring establishment in the Chikmagalur Taluk of the District under your charge, bringing to notice the arrears in the erection of boundary marks in that taluk, and stating that the assistance given by the taluk authorities is insufficient, and beg that you will take such steps as may appear best to you for the removal of the difficulties complained of in accordance with para 1 of Chief Commissioner's Order No. 5046—45, dated 5th December 1873.

2. I have received information from Lieutenant Price, the other Assistant, employed in the same taluk to the same effect.

3. I had the honor on the 26th January last to draw your attention to the case of the "*Bechirak*" villages in this taluk, requesting you to be good enough to give your advice as to what steps you would

recommend being taken with regard to them, but up to date, I have not been favored with a reply. I would bring to your notice, however, that the villages now referred to by Lieutenant McCally are not "*Bechirak*" ones, but as far as I could see during my visit to that part of the taluk, both well populated and containing well-to-do people, and would not at all come under the provisions of para 3 of Chief Commissioner's Order above quoted, to which Order I drew your attention in my former letter No. 92 of 26th January 1874.

4. As the work in the Chikmagalur Taluk has now been progressing for upwards of two months, and the amount of arrears of boundary marks is increasing daily, I should feel much obliged by your replying to my letter No. 92, referred to above, and to this letter, at your earliest convenience.

Extract from a letter No. 12, from Lieutenant McCally, dated 14th February 1874.

* * * *

2. I further beg to bring to your notice that the villagers in all the villages are very dilatory in erecting the boundary marks. Several villages which were measured more than a month ago are still reported unfinished, as the *bánds* are not all up. Continual reports are made to the Amildar on this subject, but I cannot say the result is favorable. The measurers are put to great inconvenience on this account, as they are far in advance with the measurements of other villages, and the distance they have to travel back to these villages is becoming very great. I can see no reason for this delay in erecting the boundary marks if the District Authorities would only put pressure on the villages.

From the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 320, dated Talguppa, 16th April 1874.

In accordance with Survey Commissioner's letter No. 531 of 3rd May 1872, I beg herewith to make my report for the quarter ending 31st March 1874.

On January 1st, I visited Captain Mackenzie in the Belur Taluk; all the work was progressing favorably. Boundary marks were still a great deal in arrears, owing to the Waddars having struck work on his endeavouring to get them to work at lower rates as recommended last year by Captain Coussmaker.

On January 13th, I visited Captain Cowie, and on January 19th, Mr. Clerk, both employed in the Lakvalli Taluk; these Officers' account and other books were written up to date, signed, &c., correctly. The two *Daftars* in charge of these Officers had done little or no work since the commencement of the season owing to the standing rice crops, as mentioned in my last quarterly report; since then the work has been progressing there fairly.

During the month of February, I visited Mr. Barker and Lieutenant Macintire in the Kavaledurga Taluk; books were correctly written up, chains correct, plots and test books neat, and maps generally neat, and fairly plotted. Work was going on without any difficulty, but owing to the very intricate way in which the lands of different villages are mixed up together, and to the difficult nature of the garden-measuring, the progress made was much slower than I had anticipated. There was a very marked improvement in the demarcation work done this year by these *Daftars*, stones not now being substituted for *bánds* in the way that I noticed in my report for the quarter ending 30th June 1873. I do not think the measuring of this taluk will be completed this season.

On the 5th of February, I visited Mr. Meiklejohn, and found his work generally satisfactory. As this Officer was at a detached camp, I was unable to examine his account books.

2. During the past month, the two *Daftars* from Lakvalli, and the two from Nagar, have moved down into Harnhalli and Chiknayakanhalli respectively, leaving only a few theodolite measurers to do the hill work in arrears.

The Nagar Taluk will, I anticipate, be completed this month; but in Lakvalli there will remain about three months hill-measuring for next year.

3. There have been considerable difficulties experienced in the erection of boundary marks in Chikmagalur; these have now been removed by the introduction of Waddars. In Harnhalli, there were similar difficulties, but Mr. Clerk now reports that through the aid of the taluk officials these have disappeared.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 20th July 1874.

4. Boundary disputes seem to be increasing in number, especially in Belur and Chikmagalur, where they have sprung up to such an extent as materially to diminish the out-turn of work from the establishments working there; the measuring of the coffee gardens in these taluks is also a very tedious and laborious work.

5. The E. and C. Classing *Daftars* are still working in Maddagiri and Gudibanda, which will employ them until about the 15th June and 15th May respectively; they then move into Chiknayakanhalli and Nelamangala. Mr. Dobbie reports that throughout Gudibanda stones have been substituted for *bánds*, regardless of the rules on the subject; between 1,500 and 2,000 *bánds* will have to be erected anew.

6. The M. Classing *Daftar* has moved into Belur, where it will remain until about June 1st, returning to Tarikere to complete that taluk before the rains.

7. The *Inam Daftar* under Captain Coussmaker is still employed principally in Chamrajnagar and on the Kadmane estate; both these works will be completed, I think, in May, and that will enable this *Daftar* to return to its legitimate work of measuring the *inam* villages to which *sanads* have not been issued. All the *inam* villages measured last season have been classed during the quarter under report, and the *inam* villages in Sorab are in course of measurement now.

8. Mr. Betham, the only Officer not in charge of an establishment, has been attached to Mr. Barker since the commencement of the season; he ought soon to be qualified for an independent charge.

Memo by the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 293, dated Talgupi, 18th April 1874.

The above Quarterly Report is forwarded for the information of the Survey Commissioner. During the quarter now under report ending 31st March, the Superintendent had no opportunity of inspecting the work of any of the Assistants, but he is able to vouch for the great improvement of the boundary mark work in Kavaledurga and Nagar mentioned in Captain Anderson's para 1. The case of about 1,500 *bánds*, which have to be erected in the Gudibanda Taluk, will be carefully dealt with. All the *bánds* will be systematically erected, and all the cost recovered from those who are culpable.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, To the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 765, dated Kumsi, 6th May 1874.

A detailed report on the subject alluded to in the 3rd para of Captain Andersen's letter above is required for submission to the Chief Commissioner with as little delay as possible.

Memo by Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 360, dated Kumsi, 7th May 1874.

Captain Anderson is requested to furnish the detailed report called for by the Survey Commissioner as above. It will be necessary to know the dates and purport of all communications to the District authorities, on the subject of the arrears of boundary mark work, and the action taken in the matter consequent upon representation from this Department.

No. 2987—Rev. 218, dated Bangalore, 20th July 1874.

Order thereon.—Colonel Anderson's letter and its enclosures shew the officials of the Kadur District have entirely failed in their duty with regard to an important branch of survey and settlement operations, *viz.*, the erection of boundary marks.

2. The Chief Commissioner's Order No. 5046—R. 45 of 5th December 1873, imposes upon District Officers the duty of arranging for the prompt erection of boundary marks, and lays down for their guidance the course that should be followed with that object. In the case under report, it was the Deputy Commissioner's duty to provide special arrangements for the erection of the marks, the ryots having entirely neglected the work.

3. The Chief Commissioner sees reason to fear that much of the obstruction which has been offered to the Survey is due to the opposition of a certain class of officials in the District. Whether this be the case, or whether the discreditable and costly delay which has occurred is merely due to lukewarmness on the part of the officials concerned, Sir Richard Meade is fully determined to put a stop to this maladministration, and, if any similar instance of neglect is brought to his notice, he will take immediate measures to remove all the responsible Native Officials.

4. The Commissioner of the Nagar Division is requested to satisfy himself that no cause for complaint as to the present state of the boundary marks exists.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Secretary to the Government of India, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore,
Foreign Department, Rev. No. 144, dated Fort William, the 10th July 1874.

I am directed to acknowledge receipt of your Officiating Secretary's letter No. 328—9, R, dated 11th April last, forwarding for the sanction of the Government of India, a revised draft of Rules for the remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore.

2. His Excellency in Council understands that these Rules have been submitted after careful discussion of them with the Survey Commissioner, whose letter explains at length the difficulties of the case, and the system by which he would dispose of the complicated claims growing out of family division of these ancestral holdings by office. You consider the explanation to be full and sufficient, and you recommend that the scheme which they describe may be approved. Upon this matter His Excellency is willing to accept the judgment of Colonel Anderson and of yourself, and I am therefore to say that the plan suggested by you in paragraph 15 of your letter under reply, as an alternative proposal made in the event of this scheme being disallowed by the Government, need not be entertained. There can be no doubt that the service character of the holdings of these village servants ought, for many reasons, to be maintained, so long as the performance of the service attached to them is required.

3. I am to suggest, however, for your consideration whether Rule XVI, fixing the payments to the village servants for the whole term of settlement, might not with advantage be modified. For the purpose of protecting the shares from alteration of their payments of quit-rent, it is undoubtedly right to fix the contribution payable by them for the term of settlement, but His Excellency in Council is of opinion that during the currency of the settlement there should be at least one revision of the payments made by Government, and that these payments should be increased proportionately to the increase of revenue. In order therefore to meet this view the rule might be altered so as to run as follows:—

"XVI.—The amount of quit-rent fixed on the holding of each shareholder is fixed for the term of settlement, but the total emoluments of the officiators will be revised once after ten years, and will be modified according to the same scale in proportion to the revenues of the village as then realized."

In the event of the revenues of the village improving to a large extent, it would be hardly equitable to leave the village officers on lower pay than they would be fairly entitled to, and hence some revision is necessary. If, however, you prefer it, His Excellency in Council would have no objection to the revision being made decennial as in the Southern Mahratta Country, and being carried out twice in the course of the period of settlement instead of once, as above proposed.

4. His Excellency in Council also considers it desirable that a lump sum of from Rupees 10 to Rupees 15 should be added to the scale prescribed for the emoluments of the Patels of villages situated at railway stations, camping grounds, large marts, and similar localities, in consideration of the increased miscellaneous duties which in such cases devolve on the head of the village. I am also to observe that the last Rule (39) seems unnecessarily stringent. It might be supposed that a Patel, who has often many other kinds of business to transact, besides his Government business, need not be restricted to con-

stant residence in his village, or obliged to ask leave before he can go about his affairs for a few days in the neighbourhood. Moreover the rule is likely to place in the hands of Amildars considerable power to exercise petty and vexatious interference with the movements of men who are not his official subordinates.

5. With the above modifications His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council sanctions the introduction of the rules, and I am to request that a copy of the rules as finally issued may be forwarded for the information of the Government of India.

No. 2993—Rev. 219, dated Bangalore, 20th July 1874.

Order thereon.—Ordered, that the foregoing letter be forwarded to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner with the following observations.

2. In regard to the 1st modification in the rules, suggested by the Government of India, it seems to the Chief Commissioner to be impolitic to subject the emoluments of Patels and Shanbhogs to any revision before the expiration of 30 years, the term of the present settlement.

3. As to the second point, *viz.*, the special remuneration of heavily worked Patels and Shanbhogs, the Chief Commissioner is of opinion that the following rule may be substituted for the present Rule XIII.

"In the case of towns, large villages, and villages in the vicinity of Railway Stations, "camping grounds, large marts and similar localities, the Patels and Shanbhogs of which "are ordinarily called upon to perform heavy miscellaneous duties, an extra allowance "not exceeding Rs. 15 per annum will be assigned to the Patel and Shanbhog (and where "there are two officiating Patels and Shanbhogs, to each Patel and Shanbhog) in addition "to the salary of the office found by the scales in Rule IX."

4. With reference to the concluding portion of para 4 of the Government letter, it appears to the Chief Commissioner that the following rule may be substituted for Rule XXXIX.

"The Patel and Shanbhog shall in all cases reside in the village or one of the villa- "ges constituting their charge. No Patel or Shanbhog shall absent himself from his "charge for more than seven days without previously obtaining leave from the Amildar "of the Taluk."

5. Before however taking any further steps in the matter, the Chief Commissioner desires to be favored with the views of Colonel Anderson on the points noticed above.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 25th July 1874.

From the Offg. Commissioner of the Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 602—R. 207, dated Camp Mavinhole, 20th February 1874.

In acknowledging the receipt of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings and Order No. 5285—R. 81, dated the 18th December last, I have the honor to submit herewith copy of the Shimoga Deputy Commissioner's letter No. 865, dated the 13th instant, furnishing explanation *seriatim* to the queries raised regarding the land in Yemaganoor village in the Dharwar Collectorate, held by the ryots of Belvantankoppa in the Sorab Taluk. It will be seen that the report of the Deputy Commissioner is sufficiently explanatory, except the omission to give the description of the two survey numbers, which from the papers appear as noted in the margin.

No. 97, bagayat or garden.
No. 143, wet.

2. With reference to para 3 of the Proceedings, I beg to state that no old correspondence on the subject appears to exist in the records of this Office.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, To the Offg. Commissioner of the Nagar Division, No. 865, dated Camp Mandagadde, Kavaledurga Taluk, 13th February 1874.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 5285—R. 81, dated 18th December last, received with your docket No. 807, dated 28th idem, I have the honor to submit the following further report regarding the lands situated in the village of Yemaganoor in the Dharwar District.

2. The accounts of the Kod Taluk, an extract from which has been obtained, shews that the land was granted as *inam* in exchange for land taken up for opening the channel to convey water to Yemaganoor. As this tallies with the entries in the accounts of the Chief Commissioner's Daftar, I see no reason to question its accuracy.

3. The land has been entered in the village accounts of Yemaganoor as an ordinary minor *inam*, and is not enclosed by any peculiar boundary marks indicating that it is foreign tract and belongs to Mysore.

4. It consists of two survey Nos. 97 and 143 bearing an assessment of Rs. 13 and 7, and containing 1 acre and 17 guntas, and 3 acres and 31 guntas respectively.

5. The settlement of the land has hitherto been conducted and *pattas* issued by the Mysore Authorities.

6. The revenue is collected also by the Mysore Authorities and credited to the Belvantankoppa village in the Sorab Taluk.

7. No local fund cess was levied by the Sorab Amildar as the land did not come within the settlement of the taluk, but this is said to be levied in the Yemaganoor village.

8. Any old correspondence bearing on the subject with the Dharwar Collector should be found in your Office.

9. The vernacular papers in connection with this subject are herewith forwarded.

No. 3128—Rev. 53, dated Bangalore, 25th July 1874.

Order thereon.—A perusal of the Shimoga Deputy Commissioner's letter No. 865 of the 13th February, received with the above, tends to shew that the two survey numbers in the village of Yemaganoor of the Kod Taluk of Dharwar were originally granted as an *inam* to the Mysore State, and the latter, in its position of *inámdar*, is of course competent, on principles of abstract justice, to dictate its own terms of assessment to the ryots cultivating the lands in question, irrespectively of any settlement that may have been made by the Bombay Survey. As, however, the rates now imposed on the *inam* lands are shewn to be double those in force in the adjoining surveyed portion of the Yemaganoor village, the Chief Commissioner will not withhold his sanction to the extension of the latter rates to the grant in question and to the remission of the difference between them and the rates now in force.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

5. I believe that the profits which the Shanbhogs and Patels can make by letting out grazing are far greater than is commonly supposed, and there can be little doubt that Government is annually losing a good deal of revenue, and that the Patels and Shanbhogs are reaping a harvest from the enhanced value of grazing since the Survey settlement.

6. The plan which I would suggest for securing to the State a fair value for its grazing lands, and for giving the moving-portion of the community, such as these Gollars may be said to be, a fair chance of buying their grazing, is contained in the following simple provisions :—

1st. The Deputy Commissioner should have those waste assessed or unassessed numbers, which he thinks the inhabitants of the village require for their cattle, marked off, and sold separately to the villagers, and to no one else. This, with the free grazing they already have, will entail no hardship upon the inhabitants.

2nd. All those survey numbers, besides those marked off as above, will be sold annually to the highest bidder whether belonging to the village or not.

7. The above rules, if carried out, will, as a natural result, create large tracts which would be open to public competition, and which would exactly meet the requirements of people like the Gollars, and an annual and healthy competition would soon follow.

8. In villages containing little waste, no marking off of numbers would be required, nor indeed would the Gollars be found to frequent such villages. These people are attracted by the existence of large stretches of waste, and the rules would operate in the very places where they are now annually buying their grazing from the Patel. The setting apart of survey numbers as above will require great care, but, if once done, I feel sure that Government will realize a larger revenue, while the Gollars will be in a great measure freed from the unjust influence of the Patel or other middle-man.

No. 3209—Rev. 22, dated Bangalore, 29th July 1874.

Order thereon.—The proposals contained in the foregoing letter for the disposal of grazing lands in a village other than those allotted to it as free common appear to the Chief Commissioner to be fair and suitable for adoption in the Province generally. The following further instructions are accordingly issued for the guidance of the Officers concerned.

2. The Survey Department should fix *at the settlement* certain numbers, the sale of which for grazing purposes should be reserved to the villagers only, leaving it to the Deputy Commissioner and his subordinates to deal with the rest of the grazing lands, arable and unarable, in the manner prescribed under the rules in force.

For the current year however, it will, the Chief Commissioner considers, be necessary for the District Officers to deal altogether with the question, as it is too late for the Survey Department to make any arrangement in connection with it.

3. When the numbers allotted for grazing purposes are taken up for cultivation and a revision of the existing arrangement is in consequence rendered necessary, such revision should be carried out by the District Officers in communication with the Survey Department.

4. Such cases as that of the Gollars, whose complaints originated the present correspondence, which may appear to require special local consideration, can be dealt with by the District Officers at their own discretion after the requirements of the villagers have been satisfied in the manner provided for above.

5. The measures now sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner should be adopted for a term of three years, at the end of which a report can be submitted on the experience gained of their working.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 31*st July* 1874.

From the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 531—Rev. 118, dated 4th December 1873.

In reply to your letter No. 4, dated 3rd October 1873, I have the honor to submit for the information of the Chief Commissioner the following observations in connection with the several * points therein alluded to.

*1. The necessity of fostering the revenue from opium, pepper and cardamom.
2. The abolition of Sayer duty on piece-goods and betel-leaves.
3. The recovery of a portion of the revenue then sacrificed by the levy of dues on the same products, but in another shape.
4. The substitution of two rates of Rs. 2 and 1 Rupee for the present uniform tax of 1 Rupee per cart and the abolition of the present exemptions in favor of the agricultural classes.

2. Regarding the first point it will be observed that opium is not grown at all in this Division, and pepper only to a very insignificant extent, and call therefore for no remarks.

3. As regards the small amount of receipts from the *halat* levied on cardamoms, it is obvious that an evasion of the *halat* on the part of the planters liable thereto, and gross neglect or fraud on the part of local authorities whose duty it is to realize it, are the main causes thereof. In fact, it may safely be asserted that, unless a special agency be appointed for the purpose of maintaining a constant watch over the proceeds from the above source and detecting cases in which the payment of the prescribed duty is evaded, there can be no certainty of remedying the grave existing evils.

4. The advantages to the community at large from the abolition of the duty on home-made piece-goods, in the same manner as those imported from Her Majesty's Territories, are manifold and manifest, but any measures for enhancing the rate of the loom-tax at present levied would be tantamount to abolishing one tax and substituting another in a different shape, without affording any relief to the much impoverished class of weavers, or any encouragement to the local manufacture of piece-goods which is at present in a grievously depressed condition.

5. The suggestion of requiring the cultivators of betel-leaves to obtain a license therefor in lieu of the present system of levying a duty at different rates on the quantity sold, seems to me to be open to objection; it is an article not of luxury, but a necessary of life with all classes of people from the highest to the lowest, and its cultivation should, I consider, be in no way restricted; moreover the proposed alteration would, I apprehend, cause a considerable loss to Government.

6. Regarding the suggestion of cancelling the exemption heretofore enjoyed by the agricultural classes from the payment of the cart-tax, I beg to state that however desirable this may be in a financial point of view, I am strongly in favor of the continuance of the exemption:—carts used solely for agricultural purposes are not taxed in England, and I consider that in this country, where the introduction of several new measures, which however fair and just in themselves, entail much hardship on the agricultural classes, carts employed in agriculture should be equally free.

7. The levy of interest and of fees on notices in all cases in which the ryots fail to pay their *kists* regularly, and the imposition of the irrigation and local cesses, the levy of contribution either in labor or money towards repairs and improvements of tanks, and holding the villagers directly responsible for the maintenance of village roads, tanks, topes and avenues, the restrictions in forest matters, and the enforcement of sanitary improvements, as also the exaction of labor whenever necessary to meet the requirements of the survey and other Departments, are all measures seriously affecting the pockets and time of the ryots.

8. Having answered the several points alluded to in your letter under reply, I beg leave to take this opportunity of submitting for the favorable consideration of the Chief Commissioner, the desirability of placing with as little delay as practicable on a better and more sound footing the system of collecting the sayer revenue of this Division.

9. A reference to the sayer returns subsequent to the year 1864—65, and 1865—66, in which the duty on arecanut was raised from 4 annas to Rs. 1—4—0 per maund, restricting the number of sayer articles to six, and abolishing all duties on articles imported from, and exported to, Her Majesty's Territories, will shew that the gross collection in 1872—73, on the six articles on which sayer duty is still levied, was Rs. 1,06,981—13—2 or Rs. 17,761—3—11 less than the revenue collected in 1868—69 on the same number of articles. The cause of this is beyond doubt attributable to an evasion of the payment of duty on the part of the parties liable thereto, and gross negligence or fraud on the part of the village authorities whose duty it is to collect the same.

10. In exemplification of this, I would beg to draw attention to the statement appended in the margin, from which it will be seen that the quantity of arecanut on which the sayer duty of 4 annas per maund was levied in 1863—64 was 51,126 maunds, whereas that on which the increased rate of from six annas to Rs 1—4—0, per maund was levied in 1872—73 was only 19,582 maunds, or 31,544 maunds less than the above.

Year.	Arecanut. Quantity.	Cocoanut, dry. Quantity.
	Mds.	Mds.
1863—64	51,126—29—11½	29,148—35—12
1864—65	30,756—12—20½	28,418— 3—17
1865—66	22,062—13—10½	10,964— 8—11
1866—67	19,729—16—21	4,683— 8— 6
1867—68	21,418—35—27½	4,101—28—12
1868—69	19,423—27—17½	5,143—28—12
1869—70	23,024—36— ½	4,812—34—18
1870—71	20,321—11— 1	2,660—10— 0
1871—72	23,324—29— 5	2,751— 8—18
1872—73	19,582—30— 1	3,720—38—18

11. The same unfavorable result has also, it will be observed, attended the article, cocoanut-dry, which was 29,148 maunds in 1863-64, but only 3,720 maunds or one-eighth of that quantity in 1872-73.

12. Considering the increased rate varying from 6 annas to 1—4—0 levied from 1864—65, the receipts from supari should have steadily increased at least five times over the former collection; no satisfactory explanation has been afforded by the District authorities regarding the alarming decrease of Rs. 10,982—9—10 observed in the receipts from cocoanut-dry, as compared with those of 1863—64.

13. It will be seen from the records in this Office that the collection of the sayer revenue of this Division was carried on up to 1863-64 with a regular establishment not only for the collection but also supervision, but subsequently, that is in 1864—65 and 1865—66, the duty on all articles exported to, and imported from, Her Majesty's Territories, including several other articles grown in the Province having been abolished and six articles only being retained as per *margin, and the Saddar Distillery system introduced in addition to the farming out of the toddy revenue, the sayer establishment was dispensed with, and the duty of collecting sayer revenue on the remaining six articles and detecting cases of smuggling, or evasion of duty on the part of traders and merchants, was entrusted to the village authorities, namely, Shekdars, Shanbhogs and Patels, retaining a small frontier establishment of daffedars and peons to assist them, and remunerating them by 5 per cent commission on collections for the performance of the extra duties thus devolving upon them.

*1. Tobacco.
2. Arecanut.
3. Cocoanut, dry.
4. Do fresh.
5. Betel-leaves.
6. Piece-goods.

14. As the Shanbhogs are as a general rule ill-paid officials, and the Patels receive little or no remuneration for the performance of their duties, it is hardly possible to expect them to be honest in the face of the many and great opportunities which the present system affords them, of consulting their own interest by acting in collusion with traders, and others, who, as a rule, do not let slip any opportunity of evading payment of duty. The consequence is that, without any warrantable circumstances, there has been a considerable decrease in the sayer revenue which could have been prevented under different management.

15. This formed the subject of a special correspondence in 1870—71 between the Deputy Accountant General and the Division and District Officers in this Division, who fully concurred in the necessity for introducing a better system for the collection of sayer duties.

16. Mr. Hudson was of opinion that the revival of a detective establishment would cause a hinderance to trade and become a source of exaction and oppression, and suggested that standing crops should be assessed, and that Assistant Superintendents should be held directly responsible for the collection, &c. This measure was clearly impracticable.

17. The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, recommended the increase of detective establishment and Sayer Kattes. These suggestions could not be entertained as they involved an expenditure incommensurate with the collections from sayer.

18. The Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, advocated an increase of assessment on lands producing tobacco and supari, and the abolition of the excise dues on cocoanuts and betel-leaves. This system was also equally open to objection.

19. Colonel C. Elliot was in favor of the continuance of the system of collection of the sayer revenue by the village authorities, Shanbhogs, Patels and Shekdars.

20. Again in 1872—73, with a view to prevent the further decrease in the sayer revenue, the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, offered certain suggestions, namely, stopping the 5 per cent allowance of the Shanbhogs and Patels, and appointing a supervising and detective establishment, while the Deputy

Commissioner, Mysore, advocated the formation of a regular establishment for the purpose. Both these suggestions being simply a return to the old system, Major Campbell was of opinion that the agency of Patels, Shanbhogs, and Shekdars would answer well under a closer supervision of the Amildars.

21. Notwithstanding repeated orders and warnings, the supervision of the Amildars has had no effect whatever, for, the sayer revenue instead of increasing is steadily decreasing. The outstanding balance due to Government on account of tobacco alone amounts to nearly one-third of a lac of rupees. Any further delay therefore in taking efficient measures for the prompt collection of the revenue under this head would only aggravate the evil.

22. As a matter of fact, the press of work in other Departments is so great, that the Amildars cannot devote sufficient time to maintain a wholesome check over the Shanbhogs, Patels and Shekdars and prevent evasion of duty on the part of the parties liable thereto.

23. In advocating, under these circumstances, the desirability of appointing a better agency in lieu of that now working, I respectfully beg leave to submit for the favorable consideration of the Chief Commissioner, the suggestion of leasing out the sayer revenue for a period of 4 or 5 years to a respectable contractor who has sufficient means and machinery at command to enable him to work the Sayer Department to the mutual advantage of himself and the Government without giving any just cause of offence or dissatisfaction to the parties paying sayer dues.

24. Two or three tenders have already been received on the subject; of these, the one presented by Messrs. Taylor and Davy appears to me to deserve favorable consideration, not only on account of the increase of the revenue therein promised, namely, about 9,000 Rs. over the net revenue collected in 1872—73, but also on account of the ready means at their disposal to fulfil satisfactorily any conditions on which the contract may be given. From the commendable regularity with which the Abkari instalments have heretofore been paid, and the efficient arrangements made for the management of the toddy revenue, I think I am justified in believing that Captain Taylor and Mr. Davy will be fully able to introduce an efficient and sound system for the collection of the sayer revenue, making at the same time satisfactory arrangements regarding the prompt payment of the receipts from sayer articles to which *Inamdars, Devastans*, Brahmans, &c., are entitled under the existing practice.

25. The high character of the gentlemen above named is alone a sufficient guarantee that the interests of the people will be respected, but should any instance of unfair dealing or oppression on the part of their subordinates come to notice, the Government would of course have the right to interfere. The subordinate agents employed by the contractors would be exactly the same as those employed by us in case the Government took the management into its own hands, with this advantage on the side of the contractors that they would be vigilantly supervised by the gentlemen, whose interests would be so seriously involved in the successful workin g of the system.

26. On learning the orders of the Chief Commissioner on the subject, a draft contract-bond, specifying the amount, condition, &c., will be submitted for approval.

No. 3333—Rev. 47, dated Bangalore, 31st July 1874.

Order thereon.—The Chief Commissioner has carefully perused the foregoing letter from Colonel Clerk, and concurs in many of his remarks and opinions; but he is wholly opposed to the policy of giving the collection of the sayer dues in farm to any private individuals. However high may be the character of the person who takes the contract, and however trustworthy he may be in every other respect, he must perforce work it in one of two ways, *viz.*, through the agency of his own subordinates employed for the purpose, or by adopting the more ordinary course of sub-letting the contract with the result in either case of spreading a host of collectors or petty *Izardars* over the country, who would prove a pest to all brought in contact with them, and whose proceedings it would be impossible for the contractor himself to check and control.

The Chief Commissioner is unable, therefore, to entertain the Officiating Commissioner's present proposal.

The other points noticed by Colonel Clerk shall have full consideration in passing orders on the general question of the sayer revenue now before the Chief Commissioner.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

FORESTS.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Grant of wood to the ryots of Kyatanhalli, Maddagiri Taluk.* Sanctioning the free grant of the wood under para 27 of the Forest Rules.	No. 2912—212, dated 15th July 1874.	...	...	1 to 2

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests,) 15th July **1874.**

From the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Rev.—Forests, No. 879, dated Bangalore, 2nd July 1874.

I have the honor to forward an application received from the Deputy Commissioner of the Támkúr District, for a free grant of wood to the ryots of Katayanhalli village in the Maddagiri Taluk, whose houses were destroyed by fire. The applicants are 42 in number, and the quantity of wood recommended by the Deputy Commissioner is ½ a bandy load of smaller timber or bamboos, and 10 loads of straw each man. I beg that you will be so good as to obtain the Chief Commissioner's sanction to the grant of wood.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, To the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, No. 112, dated 22nd June 1874.

Conservator's docket No. 643 of the 13th instant, requesting to be informed of the actual quantity of timber and bamboos required by the ryots referred to for building purposes.

With reference to the above, the undersigned has the honor to submit a nominal roll of the applicants, the quantities applied for by them, and his recommendation for the Conservator's consideration.

Nominal Roll of Gollars whose huts were burnt in the Katayanhalli Village, Maddagiri Taluk.

No.	Names.	No.	Names.
1	Chikka, son of Giri.	22	Balacha.
2	Kari Chitti Rama.	23	Rodda.
3	Doddana Era.	24	Sanna Era.
4	Dodda, son of Doddana Era.	25	Enne Chitta.
5	Chiknaga.	26	Chitti.
6	Kurdama.	27	Chikka, son of Kalachi.
7	Iri Masa.	28	Pujari Kata.
8	Kivada Chikka.	29	Suddaiya.
9	Javara.	30	Kama.
10	Dasa.	31	Iri Gunte.
11	Chikka.	32	Era Chikka.
12	Hucha, son of Hucha.	33	Sanna Era.
13	Bala.	34	Chikka, son of Sesha.
14	Kuri Bala.	35	Gutlahalli Era Chikka.
15	Munde Kempa.	36	Iri.
16	Tippe Dasi.	37	Jogaga.
17	Kat Dasa.	38	Moja.
18	Chikka Malli.	39	Munde Thippe.
19	Pujari Era.	40	Chikki, wife of Chikka.
20	Dampana Kata.	41	Bandigana Iri.
21	Adavi.	42	Kadli, son of Bandigana Iri.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests,) 15th July 1874.

Tabular Statement of Wood, &c., required to construct huts by the Gollars whose huts were burnt in the Katayanhalli Village, Maddagiri Taluk.

Taluk.	No. of Gollars.	Quantity applied for by the ryots.		Whence procurable.	Dy. Commissioner's Remarks.	Recommendation of Conservator of Forests and Chief Commissioner's Sanction.
Maddagiri.	42	Devadari Hulvi Nayibyala Purasale Bittala Mondakalli	42 bandy loads, or one load each.	District Jungle near Maddagiri.	These props or beams of specified wood and dimensions, say, 10′ × 8″ × 8″ each, ½ a bandy load of smaller timber or bamboos, and ten loads of straw each man, appear ample, but not having seen the jungle for years, the undersigned is not in a position to say whether it can meet this call, or what particular kinds of wood or bamboos should be granted, but on this point would request the opinion of the Conservator of Forests or that if licenses are granted from his Office, the same may be specified.	*Vide* letters Nos. 879 and 974, dated 2nd and 10th July 1874, respectively, and reply thereto.
		Props or Beams..	Numbers 126 or 3 each.			
		Straw ...	Bundles 1,680 or 40 each.			

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, No. 2627, Rev.-Forests 196, dated Bangalore, 8th July 1874.

Adverting to your letter No. 879, dated 2nd July 1874, on the subject of free grant of wood to certain Gollars of the Katayanhalli village in the Maddagiri Taluk of the Túmkúr District, whose houses were destroyed by fire, I am directed to observe that the tabular * statement, submitted with the Deputy Commissioner's application, shews that the quantity of wood recommended by him includes props or beams, whereas your letter under reference makes no mention whatever of them.

* Herewith sent for reference to be retransmitted.

2. As props or beams are required in the building of a house, and as the Deputy Commissioner has recommended their being granted, it is not understood whether their omission on your part proceeds from any objection to their being granted. An early report on the point is requested.

From the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 974, dated 10th July 1874.

Secretary's No. 2627—196 of the 8th instant.

In reply to the above, the undersigned has the honor to state that he has no objection to the props being granted free to the ryots referred to, the omission being accidental.

The enclosure is herewith returned.

No. 2912—Rev.-F. 212, dated Bangalore, 15th July 1874.

Order thereon.—Under the provisions of para 27 of the Forest Rules, a free grant of the wood referred to is sanctioned.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART I.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

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Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Repairs to Travellers' Bungalows.* Allotting a balance of Rs. 1,500, available for the Repairs and Contingencies of the Bungalows to the Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions.	No. 2510—39, dated 3rd July 1874.	...	...	1 to 2
3 to 4	*Investment of certain Puduvat money, belonging to the Parasavanathaswami temple, Chamrajnagar Taluk.* Passing orders on a letter from Ashtagram Commissioner on the subject.	No. 2664—4, dated 9th July 1874.	..	...	2
5 to 6	*Identification of individual Muzrayi stipendiaries.* Approving of a form of certificate submitted by Nundydroog Commissioner as amended by the Deputy Accountant General and authorizing their issue by Commissioners of Divisions.	No. 2659—3, dated 9th July 1874.	...	..	3 to 4

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 3rd July 1874.

From the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, General No. 129—Financial No. 20, dated 27th May 1874.

His No. 7122—617 of the 30th March 1874.

In reply, has the honor to forward copy of docket No. 152 of the 20th instant from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, from which it will be observed that Rs. 50 and 300 are required under the heads "Contingencies," and "Repairs" to Travellers' Bungalows in that District respectively.

The requirements of the Mysore District under these heads will be reported as soon as a reply to this Office reference on the subject is received from the Deputy Commissioner.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, To the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 152, dated 20th May 1874.

His docket No. 13 of the 15th ultimo.

Has the honor to state that the probable amount required for this District for expenditure during the current year under the heads "Contingencies" and "Repairs" to Travellers' Bungalows, is Rs. 50 and 300 respectively.

From the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, General No. 148—Financial No. 25, dated 8th June 1874.

This Office No. 129—20, dated 27th ultimo, reporting the requirements of the Hassan District, in the way of repairs and contingencies of Travellers' Bungalows.

In continuation of the above, forwards copies of docket No. 19 of the 30th ultimo and of its enclosure from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, from which it will be observed that, under the head "Repairs," Rs. 800 are required for the Mysore District.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, To the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 19, dated 30th May 1874.

His circular and docket No. 69 and 169 of the 26th and 27th instant, requesting to report the requirements under the heads "Repairs" and "Contingencies" to Travellers' Bungalows.

Appends for the Chief Commissioner's sanction the statement called for, and informs that, as the cost of the repairs of 3rd Class Bungalows have to be met from the District Fund Budget, no sum on account of them is provided in the present statement.

The amount required under the head contingencies has been placed at the disposal of the undersigned. *vide* circular docket No. 69. The undermentioned estimates are lying over for want of funds under the head repairs :—

Matting Antarsante	2nd Class Bungalow..	Rs. 26
1 Matting Hampapur	2nd do do	24
1 Repairing Mysore	1st do do	200
1 Do	for repairing ratan mats in the Maddur 1st Class Bungalow ..	20
1 Matting Gundal	do ..	66
1 Estimate for matting and providing *Pardas* at Húnsúr	.. ..	107
	Total Rs....	113

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 9th July 1874.

Statement shewing the Probable Amounts required to be distributed from the Civil Budget Grant on account of Repairs and Contingencies to the 1st and 2nd Class Travellers' Bungalows in the Mysore District during the current year :—

Class.	No. of Bungalows.	Amount required for Repairs.	Contingencies
1st Class Bungalows	4	400	60
2nd do do	8	400	40
Total.....	12	800	100

No. 2510—FINL. 39, DATED BANGALORE, 3RD JULY 1874.

ORDER THEREON.—With the above, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division submits for sanction lists of the sums required for repairs and contingencies of Travellers' Bungalows in that Division.

2. In the Budget for 1874—75, a sum of Rs. 2,500 was provided for the repairs and contingencies of Travellers' Bungalows, and out of that amount Rs. 1,000 have already been placed at the disposal of the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division. Of the balance of Rs. 1,500 available, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to allot Rs. 650 to the Ashtagram and Rs. 850 to the Nagar Divisions, and the Commissioners concerned are requested to distribute these sums among their Districts in proportion to their respective requirements.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

Letter No. 178—29, dated 16th June 1874, from the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division.

No. 2664—FINL. 4, DATED BANGALORE, 9TH JULY 1874.

ORDER THEREON.—In the above letter, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division reports regarding the investment of certain *Puduvat* money belonging to the Parasvanathaswami temple in the Chamrajnagar Taluk.

2. On a consideration of the general question of the investment of the funds under reference, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to rule, in continuation of the orders conveyed in this Office General Circular No. 3 of the 5th June 1872, that all *Puduvat* sums above Rs. 500, belonging to any one institution in charge of Government Officers, should be invested in Government of India Securities, in the name of "the Deputy Commissioner of the District for the time being," the Securities being lodged in the Treasury of the District in which the institution is situated by the Muzray Officer, who should be furnished with a receipt by the Treasury Officer.

3. The question of the disposal of *Puduvat* sums of smaller amount than Rs. 500 remains to be dealt with. There is of course no objection to private parties who have a control over such funds investing them in the Government Savings' Bank, though such cannot be done by the Government Officers under the circular noted in the *margin. The point of the best mode of dealing with these funds will be further considered and reported.

*No. 1005, dated 11th June 1873.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 9th July 1874.

From the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Genl. Dept., No. 32, F., dated Bangalore, 30th June 1874.

I have the honor to state that, in connection with the case of an alleged personation of a muzrayi stipendiary brought to notice by the Superintendent of Inam Settlements in the Malur Taluk, Major Hay instituted enquiries as to what means existed for the identification of this class of pensioners, and found that they are simply passed by District Officers on an inspection at the time of *jamabandi* in the presence of some old and respectable inhabitants of the place.

2. Major Hay did not consider this a proper check against the commission of frauds, and consequently proposed the issue of a certificate with some additions in the forms introduced in the Pension Department. He, however, first consulted the Superintendent of Inam Settlements on the subject of adopting the form.

3. The Superintendent of Inam Settlements concurs in the desirability of issuing a certificate of the kind proposed, and suggests the addition of Clauses 2 and 3, entered in red ink.

4. I would recommend the issue of the form in question with the additions suggested by the Inam Superintendent, and, if approved of by the Chief Commissioner, I beg I may be furnished with 1,000 printed copies for distribution to Districts.

MUZRAYI STIPEND ORDER.

Name of Stipendiary.

No. of Order.		Name of District.	Name of Taluk.	Personal Identification.	Height.		Date or Approximate Date of Birth.	Sect or Caste.	Amount of Stipend.	For what Purpose and on what Conditions.
District.	Taluk.				Feet.	Inches.				

To

The Deputy Commissioner of

Sir,

Until further notice and on the expiration of every month, be pleased to pay to through the Amildar of the sum of Rs. being the amount of ready money allowance as muzrayi stipendiary upon the production of this order and the usual receipt.

Note.—1. Payment under this order to be made only to the pensioner in person, unless specially exempted or unless disabled to appear by illness or bodily infirmity, in which case payment may be made upon the production of this order and upon a life-certificate signed by a responsible official of Government.

2. Should the stipendiary fail to receive his stipend for one year, payment thereof will be stopped pending special instructions from the Deputy Commissioner of the District.

3. In the case of payments to the Manager of institution (*Devadayam*), the payment should be made subject to an annual report that the institution is in good order, and the conditions on which the grant is made are duly fulfilled.

Commissioner,

Division.

(REVERSE.)

Every Payment to be recorded below by the Disbursing Officer.

When paid.	For the month of—	Amount.	Initials of Disbursing Officer.

No. 2659—FINL. 3, DATED BANGALORE, 9TH JULY 1874.

ORDER THEREON.—With the above letter, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division submits a draft form of certificate for identification of individual muzrayi stipendiaries.

2. The Chief Commissioner approves of the form of certificate in question altered as suggested by the Deputy Accountant General.

3. The certificates will be issued by the Commissioners of Divisions, who should keep a register book of them with the same particulars as are given in the form. They should be recorded in the register *talukvar*, a certain number of pages being set apart for each taluk according to probable number of stipends. The orders should be numbered in a District series and also a taluk series.

4. The Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press is requested to print 1,000 copies of the certificate in the accompanying form and forward them to this Office for transmission to the Commissioner.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary

PART I.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6
dex Nos. of the ceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1	Order to Commissioners directing that all unpassed Assistant Commissioners should be called upon to pass the prescribed examination by the Higher Standard.	No. 2489—24, dated 3rd July 1874.	...	...	1
2 to 3	*Letter from Ashtagram Commissioner forwarding report by Mr. Sanderson on the successful capture of a herd of 53 elephants.* Passing orders on the subject.	No. 2600—100, dated 6th July 1874.	...	...	2 to 4
4	Letter to Ashtagram Commissioner forwarding copy of above order for attention.	No. 2602—101, dated 6th July 1874.	...	...	5
5	Letter to Secretary to Government, Military Department, regarding the purchase by the Commissariat Department of some of the elephants captured.	No. 2603—15, dated 6th July 1874.	...	...	5 to 6
6	Letter to Government of India, Foreign Department, forwarding Chief Commissioner's Proceedings on letter from Ashtagram Commissioner reporting the successful capture of 53 elephants.	No. 2601—63, dated 7th July 1874.	..	...	6
7 to 8	*Note by the Superintendent of the G. T. Survey of India, on the measures to be taken for the protection of the principal Stations of the Trigonometrical Survey.* Forwarding copy through Commissioners for the information and guidance of District Officers.	No. 2810—26, dated 13th July 1874.	...	..	7 to 10
9 to 10	*Report on the operations at the Lal Bagh during* 1873—74. Passing orders on the above.	No. 3077—697, dated 24th July 1874.	...	...	10 to 15
11 to 12	*Unreserved trees growing on Coffee Estates.* Passing orders on the question of the planters' right to *fell and sell* the same.	No. 3313—116, dated 25th July 1874.	...	...	15 to 17
13 to 14	*Government Officials acting as Agents, Accountants, &c., of local banks.* Passing orders on a letter from Nundydroog Commissioner reporting on the case of five individuals in Kolar who connected themselves with the local banks in that District, and directing the issue of a Notification on the subject.	No. 3316—95, dated 31st July 1874.	...	...	18

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
3rd July 1874.

No. 2489—GENL. 24, DATED BANGALORE, 3RD JULY 1874.

ORDER.—The Chief Commissioner directs that all unpassed Assistant Commissioners, including those attached to the Inam Department, shall be called upon to pass the prescribed examination by the Higher Standard, and that they be at the same time informed that, until they do so, they will have no claim to promotion.

2. Such of the Assistant Commissioners as have succeeded in obtaining University degrees in law, or those who have passed the Civil or Criminal Special Tests of Madras, will be exempted from re-examination in the subjects of such tests, but must pass the Revenue and Financial Tests of the Higher Standard.

3. The next examination will be held in January 1875 in the Chief Commissioner's Office at Bangalore, and Commissioners of Divisions are requested to submit before the 1st of December, the names of the candidates desirous of attending this examination.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Dept., General No. 225—G. 96, dated Mysore, 3rd July 1874.

In forwarding herewith, for the information of the Chief Commissioner, copy of a detailed report from Mr. Sanderson regarding the capture of a herd of 53 elephants on the 17th ultimo, in the keddah under his supervision, I have the honor to state that the results of the undertaking are most satisfactory, and are due to the excellent scheme devised and carried out by Mr. Sanderson.

2. A statement shewing the expenditure on account of the keddah operations up to the 1st of July 1874, is enclosed. It will be seen from this, that the total amount drawn by Mr. Sanderson from the Treasury, on account of the work, is Rs. 9,126.

3. Regarding Mr. Sanderson's proposal about the allotment of some of the elephants to the Palace and the Madras Commissariat, I shall feel obliged by your favoring me with the Chief Commissioner's instructions at an early date.

From Mr. G. P. SANDERSON, To the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, No. 64, dated Molé, 27th June 1874.

I have the honor to submit my report upon the recent capture of a herd of elephants in the Chamrajnagar Taluk.

I should preface it by stating that the Keddah Department was organized in September 1873, but as the operations were much hurried, the season for elephants (June to November) being nearly over, they were then unsuccessful. During the absence of elephants in the hot weather, two covers (the regular resort of elephants during the rainy season) were prepared for enclosing and preventing the exit of any herds entering them; these covers are about two miles apart, and each of about thirty acres in extent. The first cover D, in plan, and the one in which the capture has been effected, is a piece of jungle lying between an old irrigation channel and the Honhalli (Yelandur) river, and can only be entered at a few points by elephants. Arrangements were made for securing these exits after elephants had entered, and the natural features of the position were further strengthened. The other cover is of a similar description, and has not yet been tried.

3. The first herd of the season came down the Biligirirangam hills on the 5th May; from the 21st May till the 9th June, they were in the immediate vicinity of the keddah, and on the 10th they were enclosed in cover D. They were kept in this till the 17th, when the small keddah for impounding them was ready.

4. Whilst in the large cover the elephants never approached the defences, and must have been ignorant of any further obstacle to their exit than the presence of the watchers. The river runs through the cover, and forage was abundant.

5. The small keddah is a circle of 100 yards diameter in thick jungle, enclosed by a ditch nine at top, three at bottom, and eight feet deep; an entrance of twelve feet was left between two trees, in which a chain and log gate was suspended and arranged so as to be dropped by one blow of an axe The small keddah was connected with the large cover by two guiding trenches converging to the gate, so that the elephants could not be lost by breaking to the right or left in the drive.

6. The drive was effected without much trouble on the 17th; but I was obliged to shoot a valuable female with a young calf, as she was savage from the beginning, and finally charged in a path in which there was no possibility of avoiding her, though I delayed firing till she was within a few yards in the hope she might turn. Two Officers of the 48th Regiment, Captains Powlett and Bennet, rendered very valuable assistance throughout the drive.

7. The whole herd numbering 53 were enclosed; of these, twelve are *tuskers of different sizes*, three *muckna*s, (one an immense animal) and the rest females. The calf of the female shot in the cover is a so called albino, about three months' old, of a dirty cream-color, with light blue eyes; it was taken out at once, and was quite tame in two days. The females particularly are a fine lot; there are not many small animals in the herd, and the great proportion of tuskers adds considerably to the value of the catch.

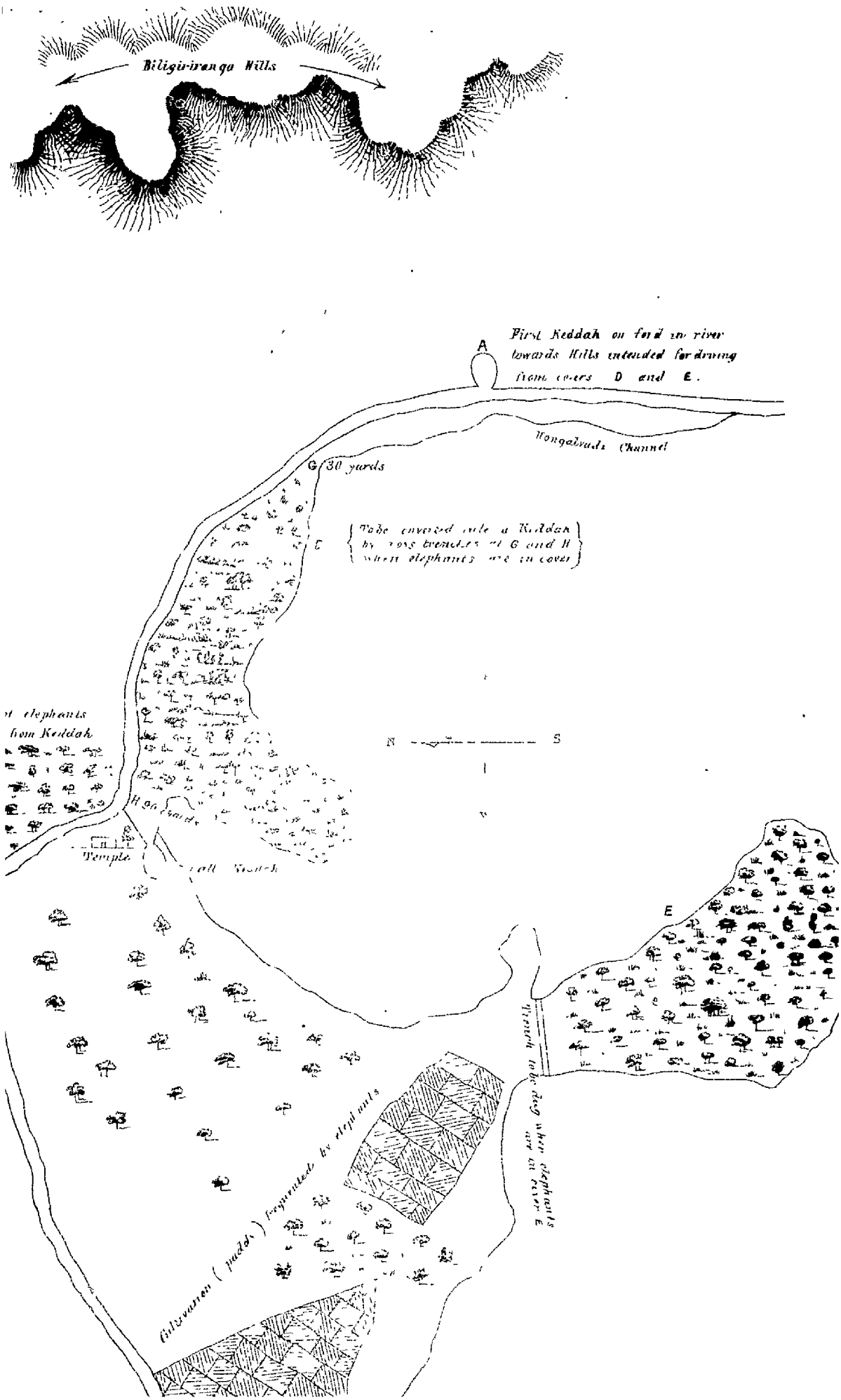
8. After being pounded in the small keddah the elephants were very quiet, making no attempt either upon the ditch or the gate. Water was turned on from the channel, which commands it, and they have been regularly foddered since their capture. The temple shown on the plan is within five yards of the small keddah, and its outbuildings, together with several sheds erected during the working season with a view to this occasion, were occupied by the people engaged. There has been no sickness amongst them.

9. By the 18th, 15 tame elephants (10 Commissariat, 5 Palace) were in attendance, and 2 more Commissariat were received from Coimbatore; on the 24th, eight elephants are engaged in the keddah, and the remainder bring fodder for the working elephants and the wild ones.

10. The securing of the captured ones was commenced on the afternoon of the 18th. The leading tusker of the herd was troublesome at first, and required 4 trained tuskers to keep him in awe until one of them had a tilting match with him, and vanquished him, since which he has been more quiet, and he has now been secured and removed. In eight days we have removed 22 elephants including all the tuskers, the large *muckna* and some of the largest females. We expect to secure them all within ten days. The captured ones have been removed and secured across the river near the temple (*vide* plan) and men appointed to them. They are quiet and feed well, and I do not apprehend any casualties amongst them. One small elephant which was sickly died in the keddah the day after the drive, having probably been injured. There are now 52 alive, and one more, a fine tusker, was captured yesterday morning; he got amongst the elephant lines from the jungle, and was secured after an exciting hunt of two hours in the open.

11. I shall feel obliged by instructions regarding the disposal of the captured elephants. If I may venture upon any suggestions, I would propose to keep them at picket for a month or so, when they may be removed as required. There are probably 30 females fit for Commissariat requirements, and if some officer could be deputed by the Commissariat Department to take over such elephants as may be agreed upon between the two Governments, it would relieve us of much anxiety and responsibility.

12. The same course might be adopted with regard to any elephants taken by His Highness the Maharaja. As regards the value of elephants, I am convinced from enquiries made in many quarters that from Rs. 1,000 to 3,000, or even more, should be obtained for the tuskers, and from Rs. 800 to 1,500 for the large females. The Commissariat Department proposed, I believe, to give Rs. 800 or 900 for our elephants. Colonel Loudon reported in an official report, copied into the Madras papers, that the last lot of elephants from Burmah cost them, I believe, Rs. 1,764 each, and I presume Burmah was selected as the cheapest market. Allowing even Rs. 564 for transit expenses, the elephants would there cost the Department Rs. 1,200 each. If kept for 3 or 4 months and then sold after being advertised in Hyderabad, Paulghat, the Moplah country, and elsewhere, I believe that the elephants would bring high figures. As we are much indebted to the Commissariat Department for the use of their elephants, I would propose to let such elephants as they require go for from Rs. 1,000 to 1,200, all round, if taken immediately. With regard to the elephants not made over to the Commissariat Department, they may be kept here and disposed of after being advertised as proposed. The cost of the Department till the elephants were pounded in


Biligiri-ranga Hills
A
First Keddah on ford on river towards Hills intended for driving from covers D and E.
Hongalvadi Channel
G 30 yards
Tube covered with a Keddah by rows trenches at G and H when elephants are in cover
N
S
H 30 yards
Temple
E
Ditch to lay dog when elephants are in cover E
Cultivation (paddy) frequented by elephants

the small keddah, including driving expenses, preparation of small keddah, &c., is about Rs. 7,500 as per subjoined details, or without my salary which would have been a charge to Government under any circumstances, about Rs. 4,175.

13. In conclusion, I must venture to bring to your notice the valuable services rendered by the Amildar of this taluk, Mr. Vijayaraghavalu Naidu. From the commencement of the keddah operations he has not only obtained for us every assistance, but has personally exerted himself and shewn the greatest interest in the success of the keddahs. From the moment these elephants were surrounded, he has remained himself on the spot day and night, and his arrangements for the supplies and comfort of so large a camp have been perfect. Without this assistance from the commencement, the keddahs could never have succeeded so well, and I trust his cordial co-operation will merit the special notice of Government.

Details entered.		Rs.	A.	P.
Expenditure up to 31st May including salaries for May ..	..	5,753	14	0
Salaries of Department up to June 15th	..	302	0	0
Preparation of small keddah, presents to watchers, &c..	..	764	10	4
Keep of 5 elephants for 1½ month previous to capture of herd, and presents proposed still to be given to establishment, &c.	..	600	0	0
Contingencies	..	79	7	8
	Total....	7,500	0	0
Or if Officer's salary from September 1st to June 15th be deducted, *viz.*	..	3,325	0	0
Actual Expenditure on keddahs up to 15th June ..	..	4,175	0	0

Statement shewing the Expenditure incurred on account of the Elephant Keddah Operations.

Receipts.	Amount	Total.	Disbursements.	Amount.			Total.		
unt sanctioned in letter No. —176, dated 28th October from Secretary ...	2,000		By amount of pay, &c., from September 1873.	3,147	7	3			
			2400 cubic yards of earth work, being the digging of 337½ yards of trench of 8 feet wide and 5 feet deep at 2 annas per square yard in September 1873 ...	300	0	0			
do. No. 4741—46, dated November 1873 ...	250		1472 cubic yards of do 207 × 2⅔ × 2½ at 2 annas a cubic yard	184	0	0			
do. 5220—221, dated December 1873 ...	1,000		1696 cubic yards of do in February 1874 at do	212	0	0			
			1315 do do in March do do	164	6	0			
			Purchase and repair of Tools, &c. ...	245	10	0			
do. No. 5846—64, dated January 1874 ...	4,982		Supplies to Coolies in November and December 1873	190	0	0			
							4,443	7	3
amount of advance sanc- by the Chief Commissioner tter No. 2012—28, dated June 1874 ...	500		By amount of bills submitted in May and June...	114	6	9			
			Do of pay, &c., for April ...	592	0	0			
			Do do May ...	604	0	0			
			Do do June ...	614	0	0			
		9,332	Advances made to Mr. Sanderson up to the 1st of July 1874	2,758	2	0			
							4,682	8	9
							9,126	0	0
			Balance.....				206	0	0
Total Rs.....		9,332					9,332	0	0

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 6th July 1874.

No. 2600—GENL. 100, DATED BANGALORE, 6TH JULY 1874.

ORDER THEREON.—These papers report the successful results of Mr. Sanderson's arrangements for the capture of wild elephants in the Chamrajnagar Taluk, to which sanction was experimentally accorded in the order *noted in the margin, and it appears from them that 53 of these valuable animals have been captured and are now in course of being secured, besides two others, of which one was unavoidably shot, and the other died in the keddah.

* No. 2907—545, dated 30th August 1873.

2. The captured animals are stated to consist of 13 tuskers of different sizes, three *mucknas*, and the rest females, besides calves; the number of small animals in the herd not being very large. Mr. Sanderson reports that the work of securing them is progressing satisfactorily, and that they are quiet and feed well, and he does not apprehend any casualties among them.

3. The success that has attended Mr. Sanderson's skilful and energetic arrangements in this matter is in the highest degree creditable to that gentleman, and the Chief Commissioner cordially congratulates him thereon, and will have much pleasure in bringing his excellent services in organizing and carrying the same out to the favorable notice of the Government of India.

4. With regard to the disposal of the captured animals, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division will arrange for the allotment of about 15 to the Palace and Mysore Forest Departments, and for the officer deputed by the Madras Commissariat Department for the purpose being allowed to select for the Madras Government, such of the remainder as are considered fit for the service of that Department. In the allotments to the former Departments, the requirements of the Commissariat Department will receive as much consideration as may be possible.

The valuation of the animals that may be allotted as above will be settled hereafter.

After the completion of this measure, and it is known what number of elephants still remain for disposal, the necessary orders will be issued for their being offered for sale.

5. The prompt and valuable assistance in securing the captured animals, rendered by the elephants supplied from the Madras Commissariat Depôt at Húnsúr, has been warmly acknowledged by Mr. Sanderson, and the Chief Commissioner begs to offer his hearty thanks to Major Magrath, Assistant Commissary General, Superintendent of the Depôt, for the interest he has taken in this matter, and the effective aid he has so afforded, which shall be reported to the Madras Government.

The elephants of the Mysore Palace Department have also done good and valuable work on this occasion, and their services merit acknowledgment as do those of the Amildar of the Taluk.

Ordered, that the following letter No. 2601—63, G, dated 7th July 1874, be forwarded to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 6th July 1874.

No. 2602.
Gl. 101.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
DATED BANGALORE, *6th July* 1874.

FROM

THE OFFICIATING SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE.

To

THE COMMISSIONER, ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.

SIR,

In forwarding for your information the accompanying copy of the Chief Commissioner's order No. 2600—G. 100, dated 6th July 1874, on your letter No. 225—96, dated the 3rd July 1874, on the subject of the capture of elephants by Mr. Sanderson, I am directed to request that you will be good enough to make the necessary arrangements for giving effect to the instructions therein contained.

2. Colonel Meade observes that the good services of the Amildar Vijiyaraghavalu Naidu in connection with the keddah operations merit special acknowledgment, and he requests to be informed of the Amildar's general character and services.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 2603.
15.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
DATED BANGALORE, 6TH JULY 1874.

FROM

THE OFFICIATING SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE.

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT, MILITARY DEPARTMENT,
FORT ST. GEORGE.

SIR,

I am directed to report for the information of His Lordship the Governor in Council that Mr. Sanderson, the Officer specially appointed in connection with the keddah operations in the Mysore District, has succeeded in capturing a herd of 53 wild elephants which are now in course of being secured.

2. The Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division has been directed to arrange for the allotment of about 15 of these animals for the use of the Palace at Mysore and the Forest Department, and also for the selection by the Commissariat Department of Madras of such of the remainder as may be considered fit for the service of that Department.

3. As regards the price of the animals selected for the Madras Government, Colonel Meade begs to be informed how His Lordship in Council would wish it to be arranged. The best arrangement, I am to observe, would probably be to fix the sum authorized per

head under the rules in force for the purchase of trained elephants for Government, and to reduce it in each case according to the value of the animal and the time that would probably be taken in training and making it fit for work.

4. I am to take this opportunity of conveying the Chief Commissioner's thanks for the valuable assistance in securing the captured animals rendered by the elephants supplied by the Madras Commissariat Depôt at Húnsúr, and for the effective aid that Major Magrath, the Superintendent of the Depôt, has afforded in the matter.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 2601.
63, G.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
DATED BANGALORE, *7th July* 1874.

FROM

THE OFFICIATING SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER
OF MYSORE.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
FOREIGN DEPARTMENT,
CALCUTTA.

"General."

SIR,

Adverting to your letter No. 2584, dated the 19th December 1873, sanctioning the prosecution of Mr. Sanderson's project for the capture of wild elephants in Mysore, I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to submit, for the information of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council, copy of the Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner, No. 2600—100, dated 6th July, from which it will be seen that a herd of 53 elephants has been captured.

2. Colonel Meade observes that Mr. Sanderson's intelligence in devising the scheme that has proved so successful, and his admirable arrangements and energy in carrying out the same, indicate his having a special aptitude for such work, and that he has much pleasure in bringing the same to the favorable notice of His Excellency in Council.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 13th July 1874.

From the Superintendent, Great Trigonometrical Survey of India, To the Off. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 246—745, dated Mussoorie, 29th June 1874.

In acknowledging your No. 489—82 of 21st April last, forwarding reports on the condition of the principal stations of the Great Trigonometrical Survey, situated in the several Districts of the Mysore Province, I beg to remark as follows:—

(1.) The reports for the Nagar Division do not include the stations of Shigekalgudda, Kallengeri, Devaraydurg, Bommanhalli, Bailippa and Paughar Kaling Roy (included in lists forwarded from this Office on 9th July 1869). Moreover the stations of Hotaigudda and Gorshvargudda are reported by the Chitaldroog District Officer as "not traced out." Further search should be made for them, and a report on their condition as well as on that of the 7 other stations named in this para should be included in the next annual report.

(2.) The reports for the Nundydroog Division do not include the stations of Yerrakonda, Bandapalli, Kolar, Bhupatamma, Tirtpalli, Nandigudi, Rajugondalpalli, Halsurbetta, Bannirgatta, (included in lists sent out from this Office on 26th June 1868,) Nundydroog, Ankishgheri, Yerrakonda, Kurudamalli, Chaudanhalli (*vide* lists forwarded on 9th July 1869,) Gedallhalli, Machalbetta, Basvangatta, Aimur, Gubbi, Sampanhalli, Arralur, Bansvadi, and Ambajidurga (*vide* lists forwarded on 22nd March 1870, and 2nd August 1870.) These stations should be included in the next annual report.

(3.) The report for the Ashtagram Division does not include Kundurbetta, Hannabetta, Adhibetta, Hattibetta, (*vide* lists forwarded on 9th July 1869,) and Adurbetta, (*vide* list forwarded on 27th January 1873). These should be included in the next annual report.

2. I notice that a large number of secondary stations are included in the reports for the 3 Divisions; although *all* stations of this survey should be protected against *wilful* injury, yet funds are only available for preserving the principal stations, and I have to request the favor of your requiring District Officers to include in their next annual reports *only* such stations as are named in the descriptive lists which have been sent out from this Office from time to time either through the Madras Government or direct.

3. With respect to the simple "Protective measures" to be adopted, I have to request the favor of your drawing the attention of District Officers to the accompanying note on the subject (of which 10 copies are forwarded for circulation) and desiring them to abide by the requirements therein set forth for the protection of stations.

4. I should add that a great deal of inconvenience and labor is caused to this Office when the stations are given other names by the District Officers than those they are given in our lists of stations. The reports should adopt the names used in this Department, and should be drawn up with our list by the side of the compiler for his guidance.

Note by the Superintendent of the Great Trigonometrical Survey on the measures to be taken for the protection of the principal stations of the Trigonometrical Survey, dated Mussoorie, 6th June 1870.

(1.) Recommendations on this subject were submitted by the Superintendent, in his No. 37—337, dated 22nd June 1865, and No. 45—289, dated 13th June 1867, to the Government of India in the Home Department. They were approved of, and appear to have been generally circulated through the Local Governments and the Foreign Department, to District Officers, and the Native States.

(2.) In most instances measures have been carried out for the protection of the stations in conformity with the suggestions contained in the letters above quoted. Still however in very many instances the object in view appears to have been forgotten, or misunderstood, or the letters of instruction have either not reached the Officers who are responsible for the protection of the stations, or they have been mislaid.

(3.) It has become necessary therefore to recapitulate these measures, and add further suggestions on points of detail, with a view to removing the misconceptions which frequently arise as to the nature of the operations, and to diminish the labor which falls on the Trigonometrical Survey Office in replying to the very numerous references which it receives from all parts of India.

(4.) The mistake which is most commonly made is in supposing that the Survey pillars or stations are to be kept in thorough repair. Proposals are frequently received from District Officers to rebuild a

station *de novo* at a cost of several hundred rupees, whereas the available funds will not allow of a greater average expenditure than four or five rupees on each station; and this sum is amply sufficient for the purpose, for no object would be gained by preserving the stations in thorough repair, which would be at all adequate to the expense of so doing. A pillar which has fallen down, and is apparently no better than a heap of ruins, will still serve as a point of reference for the most exact and delicate operations of this Survey, provided the markstones in its basement have not been disturbed; should the markstones have been removed, the station will still suffice as a point of reference for topographical and revenue survey purposes, if its centre can be ascertained within a few feet of the truth. A large expenditure is only justifiable when necessary to prevent a station from being entirely destroyed, as for instance by being carried away by a river.

(5.) Stations on flat ground are usually raised to a height of several feet, and, in general, they consist of a central paka pillar surrounded by a kacha platform, the former to support the instrument, the latter the observatory tent and observer. The platform, being built of the cheapest materials procurable, is certain to fall down sooner or later, and, unfortunately, when this happens, people are ready to fancy that the structure is no longer of any use, and, under this supposition, not only the debris of the fallen platform, but the central paka pillar itself—which is frequently unaffected by the fall of the platform—have been broken up and carried away by the villagers for building purposes. It is therefore necessary that *stations should always be cared for and protected from wilful injury even when they have fallen down or are apparently in ruins.*

(6.) Though it is not necessary that the stations should be kept in thorough repair or prevented from falling into ruins, by a large expenditure of money, it is desirable to take a few simple and inexpensive measures for the protection of the pillars and the still existing platforms from the weather, and the preservation of the markstones from mischief. These will depend on the structure of the stations, which, though generally as described in the commencement of the 5th para, occasionally differs in certain particulars. Each of the different forms will now be described, with the protective measures to be taken in each case.

(7.) *Hollow towers of paka masonry.*—These are about sixteen feet square, they rise to heights of from 30 to 60 feet, and have beams built into the walls near the summit for the support of the central pillar and platform, which forms a sort of a roof to the building. The platform is usually reached through a trap door by a series of ladders inside the tower, but when the ladders have given away, temporary ones can be put up outside. *Protective measures.*—Stop all cracks in the platform with mortar, close the trap door, and prevent rain from getting into the interior of the tower; block up the windows and more particularly the door in the basement; the ladders need not be renewed.

(8.) *Solid towers of kacha masonry, with a central solid paka pillar.*—These are usually from ten to thirty-five feet high; the pillar contains a series of markstones, one over another vertically, at intervals of a few feet, from the basement to the summit. *Protective measures.*—When the kacha masonry work is still standing and in good order, stop all cracks, through which water may percolate to the pillar, with mud, and cover over the summit of the tower with a pile of earth sloped away so as to carry off the rain-fall over the sides of the tower and prevent it from lodging inside. When the kacha masonry has entirely fallen, shape the ruins into a pyramidal mound round the paka pillar as a centre for its protection from the weather and from wilful mischief. When the kacha masonry has fallen down on one side only, pull it down on the other side, or it will be liable to overthrow the pillar by its weight. Cut down all trees and jungle growing over the station.

(9.) *Solid towers of kacha masonry, with a central perforated paka pillar.*—The only difference between these stations and those last described is in the pillar, which has a vertical perforation or shaft down its centre, to enable an instrument to be plumbed over a markstone at the ground level; a vaulted passage is therefore carried through the kacha masonry and the pillar, to lead to the said markstone. *Protective measures.*—These should be precisely similar to what has been described in the last para, with the addition that the entrances to the vaulted passages leading to the ground level markstone ought invariably to be blocked up as solidly as possible, should they be found open.

(10.) *Low platforms of kacha materials, with a central solid paka pillar.*—This is the most common form of structure, and it is invariably adopted when the station is on a hill or high mound; the platform is generally of earth and stone; the pillar is always paka, without any perforation, circular, and with a diameter of three to four feet, constructed whenever practicable over a mark engraved on the rock *in situ*, and containing one or more markstones internally, with another on its upper surface, the marks being plumbed to the same vertical line. *Protective measures.*—Repair the platform, remove vegetation and construct a pyramidal pile of earth and stones, with a base of about seven feet square and height of five feet, over the pillar and partly resting on the platform.

(11.) *Paka pillars, circular above and square below.*—Such pillars, though usually only the central portion of the structure, as in paras 8 and 9, are sometimes constructed, in places where bamboos are plentiful, without a solid surrounding of kacha masonry, a temporary platform of bamboos being constructed round the pillar, which is removed when the observations are completed. *Protective measures.*—Block up the entrances of passages leading to the markstone, and prevent rain-fall from lodging any where in the vicinity of the pillar, dig a trench around, and throw the earth against the base of the pillar.

(12.) *Paka pyramidal pillars about two feet square at base and three and half feet high.*—These have been constructed of late years by the Survey Officers over the ordinary pillars, for their better protection. *Protective measures.*—Cover over with a pile of earth and stones as in (10.)

(13.) The above suggestions sufficiently indicate the nature of the measures to be taken in each instance; they are also applicable to cases in which the Survey Station is not precisely of either of the forms above described, but is a modification of some previously existing building, as a tower, mosque, or pagoda. It is very desirable that these measures should be explained to the native officials of the villages in which the stations are situated; as they can be easily and inexpensively carried out by them, either under the orders of the District Officers, or of the Police Authorities. The orders under which Executive Engineers were liable to be called on to repair the stations have been cancelled.

(14.) In certain cases a large expenditure is allowable to prevent the entire destruction of a station by special causes, as the action of a river or water course. Reports of such cases should be made to the Trigonometrical Survey Office, when the necessary instructions will be communicated.

(15.) Returns of the condition of the stations are required to be made annually to the Superintendent of the Trigonometrical Survey; these returns should be sent in as soon as possible after the 1st of January; a convenient form for the return can be obtained on application to the Survey Office at Dehra Doon.

(16.) Several returns having been sent in which include a number of pillars that are not stations of the Trigonometrical Survey, and of which nothing is known in this Office, District Officers are particularly requested to restrict their attentions to the objects specified in the lists of stations which are sent out from this Office, at least as regards returns and bills sent into this Office, for the funds at the disposal of this Office will not suffice for the protection of all the pillars scattered over the three Presidencies, which may happen to bear some resemblance—either imaginary or real—to a Trigonometrical Survey Station.

(17.) The expenditure which is incurred in carrying out the measures above indicated will be defrayed as soon as the bills are sent in to this Office; advances from this Office in the first instance are not only unnecessary but are inconvenient, for further transactions arise whenever the advances exceed or fall short of the actual expenses; any expenditure, not exceeding an average of Rs. 4 per station, may be incurred annually, at the discretion of the District Officers, without prior reference to this Office.

(18.) In consequence of the numerous alterations in the boundaries of Districts which have been made since the completion of the principal triangulation of this Survey in certain Provinces, it occasionally happens that a station is no longer situated in the District to which it originally appertained, though, from the absence of any information on the subject, it is still returned in the list of stations for that District which is prepared in this Office. Any information regarding changes of this nature, or of errors which may be discovered in the lists, will be most thankfully received.

(19.) It should be remembered that one of the principal objects in view is to protect the stations from wilful injury. In some instances the markstones have been stolen, as they are usually smooth flat stones which are convenient for grinding curry powder; sometimes the pillars are destroyed for the sake of the materials, sometimes they are dug up out of mere curiosity, under the supposition that money is buried beneath. The District Officers are expected to prosecute and punish all persons who can be proved to have perpetrated any mischief of this nature, and to require the native officials in the neighbourhood to protect the stations from injury.

(20.) All letters and returns to the Superintendent of the Trigonometrical Survey on subject of the survey stations should be addressed to his Office at Dhera Doon, N. W. P.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 24th July 1874.

No. 2810—Genl. 26, dated Bangalore, 13th July 1874.

Order thereon.—Ordered, that a copy of the foregoing letter, together with the Note which accompanied it, be communicated, through Commissioners of Divisions, to Officers in charge of Districts, for information and guidance.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

From Colonel J. Puckle, Director, Government Garden, Bangalore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 79, dated Bangalore, 15th July 1874.

I have the honor to transmit, for the information of the Chief Commissioner, the Lal Bagh Report for 1873—74, forwarded to my address by the Superintendent, and to apologize for its late transmission, which, however, from several causes, was unavoidable.

2. The report embodies chiefly the reform effected since the death of the late Superintendent, and the proposals for its further continuance (more specially detailed in my letter No. 47, dated 4th October 1873). In addition thereto, I beg to record the financial operations of the garden during the year under report, and to make a few general remarks.

Establishment.

3. The expenditure on establishment was Rs. 5,382, against an allotment of Rs. 6,080, thus causing a saving of Rs. 698 under this head, which is due to the Superintendent's salary not having been drawn in full during the absence of a professional Superintendent, and to Mr. Cameron's salary being fixed at first at Rs. 150, instead of Rs. 200, as provided for in the Budget.

Contingencies.

4. The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 2,726, against an allotment of Rs. 1,000, the excess, *viz.*, Rs. 1,726, was unavoidable, as Rs. 1,089 of it was incurred on the new Superintendent's passage and equipment, and the difference, *viz.*, Rs. 637, was paid to extra hands employed from August to October in remodelling the garden.

Menagerie and Aviary.

5. Under this head, the expenditure was Rs. 3,016, whereby the Budget grant was exceeded by Rs. 16, due to an extra allowance to the lion, tigers and cheetahs of an extra sheep per day, and to their food being varied occasionally, from which good results were obtained.

Purchase of English Plants and Seeds.

6. The cost of vegetable seeds procured from England was Rs. 122, or Rs. 78 less than the budgetted amount.

Construction and Repairs.

7. The allotment for these works was Rs. 1,850, but Rs. 2,483 were expended. The extra cost of Rs. 633 will not, I trust, be considered excessive, as the Chief Commissioner is aware that it was specially necessary to remodel the band stand, and to carry out different improvements which have been already reported on.

8. The total expenditure under all heads amounted to Rs. 13,729, against a Budget allotment aggregating Rs. 12,130, thus exceeding the grant by Rs. 1,599. The excess has been explained under their respective heads, and considering the results obtained by its careful and timely outlay, it is hoped that the Chief Commissioner will not condemn the financial results.

9. The receipts by sale of plants and seeds amounted only to Rs. 1,831, to which, however, the value of free issues, *viz.*, Rs. 634, must be added, making a total earned for the year of Rs. 2,465. According to orders, the revenue of the garden is remitted to the Treasury in full as collected.

10. The accounts of the garden are carefully posted up to date, and are checked and signed by the Director monthly. The books introduced in September last are now kept in a business-like and systematic manner, that has met with the entire approval of the Deputy Accountant General, to whom they were submitted before finally adopting them, and by which he stated much trouble would be saved in auditing them.

11. The expenditure for the current year will be kept within the Budget allotment, but an extra grant of Rs. 1,000 is greatly needed to improve the western-half of the garden. The following statement shews the expenditure that has and will be incurred :—

			Rs.
Budget provision for 1874—75			17,112
	Rs.		
Actual expenditure up to 30th June 1874 ...	4,846		
Prospective Outlay.			
To Superintendent for eight months at Rs. 150 ...	1,200		
„ Servants for do at Rs. 371 ...	2,968		
„ Contingencies, Menagerie and Aviary at Rs. 350	2,800		
Darwinia	860		
Potting enclosure	420		
Deer Park, &c.	4,000		
			17,094
Balance.....			18

12. Arrangements will be at once made for procuring the Deer Park fencing from England, for erecting a permanent potting shed and enclosure, adding rooms to Darwinia, removing the Menagerie to the other side of the western Carriage Drive, and for improving the Aviary and laying out ornamental grounds around it, and if the Chief Commissioner sanctions a grant of 1,000 Rupees from "General Savings," the entrances will be improved; the western side of the garden cleared and ornamentally laid out; a Rockery and Alpine Garden will be constructed under the mango grove to the left of the south end of the terrace, and all the other arrangements, already pointed out to Sir Richard, will be put in hand at once.

13. I reported the death of Mr. New in August last, in my letter dated 12th August 1873. Since that date, with the aid of Ramanna, whom I entertained on Rs. 50 a month, the improvements reported in my No. 74, dated 4th October 1873, have been effected. Mr. Cameron, who has good certificates from Kew, arrived at Madras on the March, where I met him and made arrangements for his taking charge of the garden at once, and aided him in every way in my power.

14. Since April 1st, I have again by request of the Chief Commissioner assumed the direction, and have hitherto had every reason to be satisfied with Mr. Cameron's *modus operandi*, and energetic action in carrying out my wish that the Lal Bagh shall be considered second to no Government Garden in India. We have great advantages as regards position and climate, and I think a very marked improvement will be visible at the end of September, when, I hope, all the contemplated improvements, (with the exception of course of the exhibition buildings, which by the way is very much needed) will be completed.

15. In continuation of my former reports as per margin, I may state that this year's Vanilla crop promises well, and I have just received from Mr. Robert Orr of Madras the following report dated 8th July 1874, on the small quantity saved last year.

Letter dated 15th May 1874.
„ „ 18th do No. 2.
„ „ 7th July 1874, No. 54.

"I have much pleasure in reporting to you that the samples of Vanilla, you sent me in March, are 'well thought of at home, and the price is still rising considerably. I divided the parcel into two, the 'short dried up lengths being kept separately. These are called "foxy," and would fetch 40 per lb, 'while the full lengths, 7 to 7½ inches, were worth as much as 65 per lb! Our correspondent says: 'The largest sample is very good; the smaller, "foxy" has been packed while moist and has a little 'mildew. We would suggest that a little extra care in the collection would be well repaid. Prices are 'so high now that no one cares to keep a large stock."

"The above quotations are considerably in advance of those last year, although the last samples 'appeared to me inferior to those previously sent. There can be no doubt that the cultivation of Vanilla 'will be very remunerative, and I shall be glad if 15 or 20 lbs could be forwarded next season as a 'means of testing the market at home."

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The course adopted in the *Ile de la Reunion* will be followed as per M. D.de Floris' report, published n Volume XI of the Journal of the Agricultural Society of India, and every care will be taken to ensure he preferable acceptance of this season's crop in the home market. A large number of young plants are being propagated for further distribution, and I hope to make a brief precis of M. de Floris' report for general information. The Chief Commissioner may perhaps think it desirable to have this para published in the *Mysore Gazette.*

16. I should have mentioned that the "Home Orchard" will be thoroughly cleaned, levelled, and be laid out neatly in rectangular plots, in which fruit and vegetables will be grown on the most approved principle, which it is hoped the native gardeners will be interested in. The English and Australian fruit trees were removed in September last to this place, where they have recovered the neglect they previously suffered; it is proposed to remove all the best fruit trees from the old far away Orchard, and to bring them here also, to be under the Superintendent's immediate supervision. The sandal-wood experimental plantation near the lodge is a failure, and if the Chief Commissioner approves, the trees will be removed, and replaced by the fruit trees before mentioned. The vines too receive Mr. Cameron's careful attention, and improvement is already visible. This, however, is not to be wondered at, considering their previous thorough neglect. In December they will all be scientifically pruned and trained, from which good results may be expected next hot weather. Correspondence is also being carried on with the principal gardens in this country, and in Europe and America, with a view to exchanges of plants and information.

17. Horticulture has not only made great strides within the last few years, but is increasing in popularity. The Lal Bagh exhibitions have done much to establish this, and to bring forward the native gardeners, as is evidenced by their being sent for from out-stations, to lay out gardens and to supply plants of all kinds. They understand too making up bouquets, and table decoration, and are in a fair way to establish a good business in these matters. The fruits and vegetables have also improved, and more attention will be paid in the current year to this branch, for which Mr. Cameron has a specialité, and which has somewhat suffered from the suppression of the former popular monthly market shows. The six acres of land between the Sampagehalli and Sunakal tanks, recently taken up for the mulberry plantation, are being cleared, and the unoccupied portions (3 acres) on which there are three good stoned bowries, are being laid out as a garden for experimental culture, and from the position and character of the land, it may be fairly concluded that success will attend any attempts made with this object. A comparison between the growth of jute and pundi is also being carried out here.

18. The water towers in the Lal Bagh are considered unsafe, and the Chief Engineer has been asked to have them inspected professionally. In the event of his condemning them, it may be a worth considering whether Mr. Chisholm's neat design for an octagonal exhibition building, or one that Colonel Sankey designed some years ago, should not be erected on the vacated site. The ground could be terraced and made available for exhibitions, the building being the central hall, with wings to be temporarily extended on both flanks; but a special report on the subject shall be submitted as soon as I am in a position to do so.

19. In conclusion, I would mention that Ramanna has left the garden, not being willing, in the present state of his business (Nagappa & Co.) to undertake the duties of Native Assistant Superintendent on Rs. 35 a month; but I think one should be appointed on that salary, if a competent man can be found for the post, and the head and deputy gardener's pay fixed at a somewhat higher maximum than at present, advancing thereto by increments, but I will send in a special report of this also.

20. I have just received official intimation of the sanction for the Deer Park, Menagerie and Aviary alterations, and will put them in hand to day. Darwinia will be finished the 1st week in next month, and with the extra 1,000 rupees, (which shall be most economically expended), all I have advocated being done, will be in a very forward state by the end of next month.

From the Superintendent, Government Garden, To the Director of the Government Garden, dated Bangalore, 11th July 1874.

I have the honor to submit for the information of the Chief Commissioner the Operation Report of the Lal Bagh for the year 1873—74.

2. By the death of Mr. New, on 11th August last, the garden was without a professional Superintendent till the 11th March, when I took charge. The horticultural arrangements were confided to Ramanna, an old employé, under the immediate supervision of the Director; Mr. McPherson, of the Chief Commissioner's Office, being placed in charge of the office for six weeks till relieved by Mr. Walker, whom I again relieved and took professional charge of the whole establishment. The Officer in charge of the office received Rs. 100 a month, and Ramanna, from whom I have received great assistance, was styled the Native Assistant and received Rs. 50, from the date of Mr. New's death to the end of the official year.

Supervision.

3. But notwithstanding many disadvantages which had to be contended with, especially the want of a professional Superintendent so long, several important improvements were effected during the year under review, of which the following are the chief:—

New Works.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 24th July 1874.

I. The ground of the proposed site for the exhibition building has been levelled, the beds below the balustrade planted with selected roses, and lawns roughly constructed beyond.

II. The band stand has been remodelled and painted afresh in accordance with Mr. Chisholm's design, and a finial and brattishing added, a very great improvement both in form and color on the old one; the music moreover is now heard to better advantage than formerly.

III. A verandah adjoining the former monkey house has been constructed by the Public Works Department, which has thus been converted into a commodious summer house. It is known by the name of the Darwinia.

IV. The Superintendent's bungalow has been made more comfortable by the addition of a basement and a new roof to the dining room, and a verandah beyond; as also by the building of a drain round the house which prevents the walls becoming damp, smaller additions have been made, and the whole completed within the estimated amount of Rs. 700.

V. The gates have been painted chocolate with the spear heads gilt.

VI. The old mango tope has been thinned out, preparatory to its conversion into a Deer Park. The Rosarium and Fernery have been constructed, and generally, artistic improvement has been made in the eastern half of the garden, leaving the western side to be improved as soon as funds will permit.

Various other minor improvements have been carried out which have tended to make the garden more bright and attractive.

Works in Progress.

4. A wall to the east of the potting enclosure is being erected, which was very necessary to shut off from sight the shed, which is being substantially built, and its space beyond it, where all operations of the kind are to be carried on in future. It was necessary to make *this* on the spot selected, but the grounds will be ornamentally laid out all around it, and the whole garden will be similarly dealt with as time and funds will allow.

Works proposed.

5. It has been proposed to carry out other works, *viz.*, (1.) the erection of three rooms in rear of the Darwinia, (2.) to remove all the animals to the other side of the western carriage drive, and to shut off the Menagerie by a wall, (3.) to construct the Aviary and lay out the ground all around it ornamentally and (4.) to establish a Deer Park of 3½ acres by enclosing the mango tope with the Deer Park fencing, to be procured from England, for the whole of which provision has been made in the current year's Budget.

Flower Garden.

6. A formal garden has been designed as a Rosarium for show roses only, enclosed on three sides by high upright stones, on which strong growing cluster and other free growing roses have been planted.

The Fernery and "half shade" garden beyond the Rosarium have been entirely re-arranged and opened out, and peeps from various points have been landscaped by judicious lopping and trimming.

The various flower beds are being re-arranged and new ones are being ornamentally laid out.

Fruit Trees.

7. The Australian and English apple, apricots, pear, plum, greenguage, &c., trees have been pruned and planted in the "Home Orchard" on the left hand side of the east approach road leading from the Superintendent's house to the new upper terrace. A few of these have been distributed to some of the native gardeners for experimental culture. Every endeavour is being made to improve the indigenous fruits, to introduce and propagate successfully such as can be acclimated at Bangalore, to encourage their culture amongst native and amateur gardeners, and to distribute them to the surrounding districts. The Home Orchard will be also devoted to the improvement and experimental culture of the best indigenous and foreign vegetables.

Mulberry Plantation.

8. The 3¼ acres of mulberry plants have been rather neglected; but they are being attended to, in view to supply the Central Jail silk experimental culture. The remainder of the land, 2¾ acres, is being occupied with vegetables and Guinea grass and will be used as an experimental garden for this purpose.

Cochineal Insects.

9. This has been a failure notwithstanding the care bestowed on it. The structure has been converted into a fern and orchard house.

Vanilla. 10. The crop this year is very fine, and will be fit to be gathered about October, when the beans will be dried according to the description in Rhinds vegetable kingdom. Plants have been distributed to different parts of the Province, Bombay, Madras and Shivaray Hills.

Nursery. 11. This will be enclosed and converted into a neatly arranged place for the growth of trees of every description, such as may be useful in the garden and for distribution to public institutions, and to the districts generally.

Culinary Vegetables. 12. These will have my best attention in the ground to be neatly laid out in the "Home Orchard" as indicated above.

Plants recently introduced. 13. Ipecacuanha plants from the botanic gardens, Edinburgh, have been introduced for trial ; six of these are retained in the garden, from which I hope to propagate a greater supply.

Distribution of Plants. 14. Of the above named plants, six have been presented to the Government Gardens, Ootacamund, 350 plants of the Vanilla have been distributed throughout the country, with the object of introducing the cultivation of this useful plant.

Interchanges. 15. Interchanges have been made with Madras and Bombay, and arrangements are being made for similar interchanges with Melbourne, New Zealand and with Calcutta, Madras and Bombay. Seeds also have been sent to Kew and Edinburgh with similar intent.

Vegetable and Flower Seeds. 16. Vegetable seeds have been obtained from Messrs. Sutton and Son during the year to the value of Rs. 122, and sold at cost rate throughout the Province.

Library. 17. Colonel Puckle has presented a large book containing dried specimens of the grasses indigenous to India. The Superintendent has added two volumes of William's Stone and Green-house Plants, Rhind's Vegetable Kingdom, and Manual of Botany, &c. ; several of the late Mr. New's books were purchased by Government for the library ; copies of the Administration of Coorg, Mysore Census and thers have been received.

Menagerie and Aviary. 18. The deer have been removed across the Carriage Drive until the proposed park is ready, in order to admit of the ground lately occupied by them being ornamentally laid out. A female tiger has been obtained in place of two old ones, which were shot. Three spotted deer and two sambres succumbed to the inclemency of the weather. The animals are all in good condition at present.

No. 3077—697, DATED BANGALORE, 24TH JULY 1874.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner has read with satisfaction the Annual Report of the work performed during the year 1873—74, in the Government Gardens; his thanks are due to Colonel Puckle for the labor and attention he has so freely given, in devising and carrying out the many admirable arrangements from time to time sanctioned, and which have so materially enhanced the beauties of these gardens.

2. The total expenditure under all heads during the year amounted to Rs. 13,729. This is slightly in excess of the Budget allotment; but personal inspection at various times has satisfied the Chief Commissioner that the money has been carefully and judiciously expended.

3. The report of the Vanilla plant is encouraging, and the proposal to publish for general information a brief memorandum of its culture is approved of.

4. Horticulture has undoubtedly of late years made great study in the Province, and more especially in the immediate vicinity of Bangalore ; but Sir Richard Meade considers there is still room for improvement in the culture of indigenous as well as foreign fruits and vegetables, and he trusts that this branch of operations, and for which the present Superintendent, Mr. Cameron, it is reported, has a specialité, will receive more attention during the coming year. The proposal to remove the sandal-wood experimental plantation and replace it with the fruit trees at present growing in the orchard is sanctioned.

5. The principal improvements made during the year under report were (I) constructing a terrace on the eastern side of the gardens; (II) remodelling and repainting the band stand; (III) conversion of the monkey house into a summer house called the Darwinia; (IV) alteration and improvement of the Superintendent's lodge; and (V) re-construction of the Rosarium and Fernery, and re-arrangement of the flower-beds in the "half shade" portions of the gardens—one and all of these, it is satisfactory to observe, have been well done.

6. The principal works proposed for the current year and which have already been sanctioned are (I) the erection of three rooms to the Darwinia; (II) the removal of all animals to the further side of the western Carriage Drive; (III) the re-construction of the Aviary and the re-arrangement ornamentally of the surrounding grounds; and (IV) the completion of the Deer Park.

7. The special reports, referred to in paras 18 and 19 of Colonel Puckle's letter, will be awaited and orders passed on the subjects noted on their receipt.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

From the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, General No. 198—G. 86, dated 19th June 1874.

His letter No. 2464—93, dated 9th August 1873, forwarding a petition from the inhabitants of Belur, and requesting a report thereon.

In reply, has the honor to forward herewith for submission to the Chief Commissioner the marginally noted correspondence* from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, affording full explanation on the several points alluded to in the above letter in connection with the rights of petitioners for felling and selling wood growing on their coffee estates.

*No. 1223, dated 13th March 1874, from Hassan, with enclosure. } To be
„ 127, do 12th May do do do. } returned.

The petition is returned.

From the Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, To the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 1223, dated Hassan, 13th March 1874.

With reference to your docket No. 418, dated 25th August 1873, forwarding copy of Secretary's letter No. 2464 of the 9th August 1873, and requesting a report on the petition of the inhabitants of Belur, herewith received, I have the honor, with reference to the petitioners' complaint that they are prevented from felling unreserved wood growing on their coffee gardens, to submit that no order disturbing the petitioners' right to fell unreserved wood and making use of them within their coffee estates free of seigniorage (which practice is in accordance with the late Superintendent Colonel Elliot's Circular Order No. 9, dated 6th July 1871, to the Amildars of Belur, Manjarabad and Maharajdurga) was ever issued from this Office; but whether the Forest Conservancy Department has placed any such restriction is not known. In order therefore to ascertain this point, as well as the views of that Department, the petition* under report was forwarded to the Assistant Conservator, Hassan Range, so far back as 3rd September 1873, and his reply, which has just been received after three reminders, gives no other information than "that "the subject of complaint was referred to the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, for instructions "on certain points. No answer having as yet been received, your docket No. 346 of 3rd September "1873 has remained unanswered."

*Will be returned on its receipt from the Assistant Conservator.

2. As regards the practice which was in force prior to the receipt of Colonel Elliot's orders, it appears that the coffee planters were not then subjected to restrictions of any kind as regards the unreserved wood in their estates, which they were at liberty either to use free of seigniorage within the limits of their estates, or to sell to outsiders.

3. About the *sigekayi* produce, I enclose herein copy of an English memo and the orders passed thereon both by Major Hill and Captain Cumming, from which it will be seen that the interference of the contractor with the *sigekayi* produce on *kandayam* and *jodi* lands has not been countenanced. I beg to add here that the contractor had also once preferred a complaint to your Office against the orders referred to, and a report of the circumstances was duly made in this Office *rubkari* No. 157, dated 31st July 1873, prior to this receipt of the docket under reply.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 25th July 1874.

MEMO.

One Siddegauda and certain others of Kadgurgi-Archalli Hobli, in the Belur Taluk, complained of one Chikboyadgere Venktesaiya, the "*sigekayi*" (soap-nut) *izardar*, having, contrary to circular orders, taken away the produce of the *sige* trees grown on the borders of their hedges, fields and in their *hitlus* and coffee jungles.

Similarly, one Venkatsubba Bhat and certain other *jodidars* of Kachihalli Agrahar complained of the *izardar* having forcibly taken away about 50 maunds of *sige* grown on their *jodi* village.

With reference to the above, the Amildar reports that, although the *izardar* pleads at present that in some of the past years, when he himself took up the contract, he was in the habit of taking up the soap-nuts grown in ryots' holdings, still it is contrary to the late Superintendent Captain Clerk's Order No. 83 of 1857, in which *izardars* are strictly prohibited (under authority from Commissioner) from interfering in any way with the trees grown on ryots' lands, *hitlus* and hedges. The Amildar further quotes para 4 of the provisions of coffee *pattas*, in which planters are exempted from the visits of petty *izardars*.

A gold-smith is reported to have been the contractor last year, but his present whereabouts is said to be unknown.

No inquiry is made about the *jodidars*' complaint, which seems to be necessary to ascertain whether or not they are entitled to the soap-nut produce of their villages.

Order by the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, dated 12th February 1873.

The contractor should be directed not to interfere with soap-nut in hedges and gardens, as he is only entitled to it in police village hedges and in jungles. Further inquiry to be made about the right claimed by *jodidars*.

The *jodidars*, the Amildar submits, have been examined, and though they have no documents to support their claim, still they plead their long uninterrupted enjoyment of the "*sige*" of their *jodi* village, and their statement is confirmed by two witnesses who are Shanbhogs of the *firka*, to which the *jodi* village is attached.

Order by the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, dated 25th July 1873.

The contractor has nothing to do with *jodi* villages.

From the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, To the Offg. Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 127, dated 12th May 1874.

In continuation of this Office letter No. 1223, dated 13th March 1874, submits copy of letter No. 25, dated 30th April 1874, from the Assistant Conservator of Forests, and of its enclosure, on the subject of right of coffee planters over the wood in their estates.

2. The Amildar has been directed to issue a notice to the planters to the effect that the planters have no right to sell, and that any one selling will be prosecuted under the Forest Rules.

3. The enclosure of your docket No. 418 of the 25th August 1873 is herewith returned.

From the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Hassan Range, To the Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, No. 25, Revenue-Forests, dated 30th April 1874.

In reply to your docket No. 346, dated 3rd September 1873, with its enclosure, I have the honor to report that I assembled the towns-people of Belur on the 16th of the same month, and enquired into their complaint.

2. This complaint appears to have originated from certain coffee *patta* holders, who claim the right of *felling and selling* wood on their coffee holdings, urging that they bought such right by public auction.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 25th July 1874.

3. Before answering the docket in question, it appeared desirable to refer the matter to the Conservator of Forests for instructions.

4. I have now the honor to forward copy of letter No. 214, dated 20th April 1874, from the Conservator, from which it would appear that, unless at the auction the wood was sold in plain terms, the *patta* holders cannot claim it.

From the Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, To the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Hassan Range, No. 214, Revenue-Forests, dated Camp Chikmagalur, 20th April 1874.

In reply to your letter No. 152 of the 24th September 1873, I have the honor to inform you that, in my opinion, the rules regarding the rights of *kandayam*-paying ryots to the wood on their holdings, do not apply to men holding coffee *pattas*, and who pay, or, are supposed to pay, an excise on the produce of their coffee trees, should they be planted. The rights of coffee planters to the wood on their land have been laid down by the Chief Commissioner in his Proceedings No. 1 of 6th April 1871. These forbid the sale, by coffee planters, of wood on their estates, unless they buy it first on license. Certain Belur coffee *patta*-holders claim the right of *felling and selling* wood on their coffee holdings, urging that they bought such right by public auction. I cannot state what terms were published then, for the Forest Department had nothing to do with the sales, but I hold it to be highly improbable that the right to the wood was then sold. It is against all the ordinary practice in Mysore, though in accordance with that of Coorg (to a certain extent), where, when land is sold to a coffee planter, the value of the timber is added to the price, and has to be paid by the successful bidder for the land.

2. Unless, at the auction, the wood was sold in plain terms, I do not see how the *patta* holders can claim it. They cannot claim it because it was not actually barred; they can only have bought what was sold, and that was in all probability only the land.

No. 3133—Genl. 116, dated Bangalore, 25th July 1874.

Order thereon.—The general question involved in the foregoing papers is whether coffee planters in Mysore are authorized to *fell and sell* unreserved trees growing on their estates. The extent of the planters' rights on this point is clearly laid down in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings * under date the 6th April 1871, which, while permitting the felling by them of all trees except sandal, *bonâ fide* for their own use on the estate, expressly †forbids their sale except on payment of the prescribed seigniorage.

* No. 1.
† *Vide* Appendix B.

2. In regard to the more immediate bearing of the question on the interests of certain native coffee planters in the Belur Taluk forming the subject of this correspondence, the Chief Commissioner considers that the view taken by the Conservator of Forests in para 2 of his letter,* dated the 23rd April 1874, is correct, *viz.*, that, unless the wood was sold in plain terms at public auction, the holders of coffee lands can have no claim to it. There are many reasons for checking as much as possible the felling of wood in coffee lands in Mysore, and Sir Richard Meade is inclined to think that if holders of coffee grants in the Province, for which no land tax is paid, were permitted to fell and *sell* the timber on such grants, land would be taken up merely for that purpose and abandoned afterwards. But before issuing final orders on the whole question, the Commissioner is requested to submit a report on the practice prevailing in the Manjarabad Taluk in this respect, as called for in para 2 of this Office letter No. 2464—93 of the 9th August 1873.

* No. 214, to the address of the Asstt., Conservator, Hassan Range.

3. With reference to the petitioners' complaint regarding the removal, by a contractor, of the produce of the *sige* thorn growing on their *inam* and *kandayam* lands, it would appear, from the papers submitted, that the Deputy Commissioner of Hassan has already forbidden any interference, on the contractor's part, with the *sigekayi* crop on the lands in question; the petitioners therefore seem to have no ground for complaint.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
31*st July* 1874.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. J. 9, dated Bangalore, 22nd July 1874.

With reference to your letter No. 2081—4, dated 19th ultimo, calling for a report in the case of the Government Officials who have become Bank Agents, &c., in the Kolar District, I have the honor to transmit for the information of the Chief Commissioner, copy of a *communication from the Deputy Commissioner of Kolar, from which it will be observed that 2 out of the 5 persons alluded to are not officials, and the rest plead ignorance of the rules, and have since disconnected themselves with the banks.

*No. 813—332 of 10th instant.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, To the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, No. 813—332, dated Kolar, 10th July 1874.

In reply to your official memo No. 225 of the 22nd ultimo, I have the honor to report that of the five persons named in the margin * and alluded to in letter No. 15 of the 10th idem from the Registrar of Companies to the address of the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, as being connected with the local banks, Nos. 3 and 4, *viz.*, Kristna Sastri and Kristna Rao are not Government servants. Gopalkristna Rao is the 3rd Assistant English Master of the Government School at Kolar, Bhagavant Rao is a Gumasta of the Kolar Taluk Cutcherry, and B. Surappa was the master of the Government School at Bowringpet, but has been recently transferred to the Kunigal Taluk of the Túmkúr District. On these individuals being called upon to explain why they had acted contrary to the rules in this matter, they all plead ignorance of the rules, and state that they have since disconnected themselves with the banks.

*Kolar Town—
1. Gopalkristna Rao.
2. Bhagavant Rao.
3. Kristna Sastri.

Bowringpet—
4. Kristna Rao.
5. B. Surappa.

No. 3316—GENL. 95, DATED BANGALORE, 31ST July 1874.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner observes that the officials referred to in the foregoing communication cannot have been entirely ignorant of the prohibition laid down in Notification No. 242 of the 16th January 1873, and directs that they be censured and warned.

Ordered, that the following Notification be issued for the information of all officials concerned, in continuation of the previous orders on the subject.

NOTIFICATION.

It having been brought to the notice of the Chief Commissioner that, in contravention of the orders published in Notification No. 242 of the 16th January 1873, certain native officials have become Agents, Accountants and Directors of local banks, the attention of all concerned is called to the above order, and it is hereby notified for general information that any official connecting himself with the management or direction of any of these institutions, subsequent to the date of the said Notification, *viz.*, 16th January 1873, renders himself liable to removal from office.

Ordered also, that a copy of this Notification be published in the *Mysore Gazette* in English and Kanarese.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	As solicited by the Judicial Commissioner, sanction was conveyed to the refund of Rs. 573—0—6, recovered in excess from Mr. Srinivasaiengar, Judicial Assistant of Kadur, in connection with the defalcations that occurred in his Court in 1871.—Communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.	1st July 1874.	
2	A warrant addressed to the Magistrate of Bellary for the delivery of one Potaja, accused of having committed murder in Mysore, was returned to the Commissioner of Nagar, duly countersigned.	3rd do	
3	Notification appointing the Sheristadar of Hoskote and the Peshkar of Bangalore to be Magistrates within the meaning of Section 19 of Act X of 1872, with powers under Section 22 of the Act, was published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and a copy sent to the Judicial Commissioner.	4th do	
4	Copies of the Proceedings of the Madras Government in connection with an affray at Bangalore in which certain men of Her Majesty's 18th Hussars were implicated, and modifying the rules in force in cases in which Military men may be concerned with the Civil population, were forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner and the Cantonment Magistrate.	6th do	*Vide* No. 1 of 1st May 1874, Judicial, Part II.
5	A notification making Sections 2 to 7, inclusive, of Act V of 1861, applicable to the Court of the Judicial Assistant in Bangalore was published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and a copy sent to the Judicial Commissioner.	10th do	
6	A bill to provide for the guardianship of European British minors, received from the Government of India, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner for opinion, and was also published in the *Mysore Gazette*. The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette was also requested to furnish the Legislative Department of the Government of India with a copy of the Gazette regularly.	14th do	
7	A notification vesting Mangapati Naidu, Amildar of Gudibanda, with power to try and dispose of offences against the Forest Rules was published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and a copy sent to the Judicial Commissioner.	15th do	
8	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner deferred passing final orders in regard to the alleged dereliction of duty on the part of Colonel Bruce, till the receipt of the further report promised.	Do do	*Vide* Part II, Judicial, Progs. for June 1874, Index No. 6.
9	In reply, the Government of Madras was informed that the Chief Commissioner fully agreed as to the propriety of the payment of the proposed fee (Rs. 25) to the Chemical Examiner at Madras, for analysing articles sent to him by the Mysore Courts in cases likely to be committed to the High Court. Instructions issued accordingly to Deputy Surgeon General and Judicial Commissioner, and communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	22nd do	*Vide* Part II. Judicial, for June 1874, No. 13.
10	Copies of the Proceedings of the Madras Government authorizing the publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, of the two notifications thereto appended, regarding the manufacture, importation and sale of arms and ammunition, were forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner, the Commissioners of Divisions and the Superintendent of Coorg.	24th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
11	Copies of the Proceedings of the Government of India, Home Department, observing that it would be prudent to omit the words "dead or alive" in notifications offering a money reward for the capture of offenders, were forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner for circulation to Commissioners of Divisions, and the Superintendent of Coorg.	28th July 1874.	
12	In reply, the Government of India, in the Legislative Department, were informed that the Chief Commissioner concurred in the opinion of the Judicial Commissioner on the provisions of the bill to provide in the Punjab and elsewhere for the guardianship of European British minors. The Government were further informed that the bill had been published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and that a copy of that publication will in future be sent to the Secretary in the Legislative Department.	29th do	*Vide* this Statement No. 14th July 1874.
13	Copy of Government of India No. 137, J, dated 23rd July 1874, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner, with an intimation that the Lunatic Asylum Rules referred to therein will be published in the *Mysore Gazette*.	31st do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1874.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	On the recommendation of the Commissioner of Ashtagram, sanction was conveyed to the reduction of the assessment on certain garden land to Rs. 6—0—0 per acre, and to the remission of the balance, subject to final adjustment by the Survey.	1st July 1874.	
2	A supplement contingent bill amounting to Rs. 17—7—6, on account of expenses incurred in the Agricultural Department, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, duly countersigned.—Communicated to Colonel Boddam.	Do do	
3	Copy of a Report from the Reverend G. Richter regarding fibres suitable for paper-making was forwarded to the Government of India.	Do do	
4	In reply, the Inam Superintendent was informed that, as the *inam* of the Pagoda of Naggimakti Mahalingeshvar Devar was resumed by Government for default of payment of *jodi*, it cannot be restored.	Do do	
5	Copy of a letter from the Commissioner of Nundydroog, reporting on the case of the *inam* attached to the Chankeshava Devar Devasthan, was forwarded to the Inam Superintendent for disposal under the rules quoted.	2nd do	*Vide* Part I, Rev. Ag. and Com. dated 20th April 1874, Nos. 25 and 26.
6	The season report for the week ending 2nd July 1874, was signalled to the Government of India.	Do do	
7	In reply, the Government of India was furnished with a set of draft rules for the guidance of Officers in awarding compensation for crops damaged by a Camp of Exercise.	3rd do	
8	Three printed copies of a return of prices current of food grains in Mysore and Coorg, for the fortnight ending 15th June 1874, was submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	
9	At the instance of the Superintending Engineer of Irrigation Works, a copy of the Chief Commissioner's order of 22nd instant, regarding the removal of date trees from the banks or edges of channels, was communicated to the Commissioners of Nundydroog and Nagar for information and guidance.	Do do	*Vide* Part II, Rev. for June 1874, No. 33.
10	Copy of correspondence with the Commissioner of Nagar, on the subject of the remission of assessment claimed by the tenants of a piece of land situated in the Yemmaganur village in the Dharwar Collectorate, but belonging to the Mysore Government, was forwarded, with certain instructions to the Revenue Survey and Settlement Commissioner for report.	Do do	
11	Copies of a Kanarese notice issued by the Chief Commissioner in the case of the Shanbhogs of the Chanagiri Taluk, who failed to keep their accounts in the prescribed form, were forwarded to the Superintendent of the Revenue Survey for issue to each Shanbhog at the settlement of a taluk.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	The remarks and observations of the Chief Commissioner on a proposal to alter certain rules of the Inam Department were communicated to the Superintendent of Inam Settlements.	3rd July 1874.	
13	As solicited by the Commissioner of Nundydroog, Colonel Boddam was requested to furnish that Officer with some Hinginghat cotton seed.—Communicated to Commissioner of Nundydroog.	4th do	*Vide* "Rev." Part I, 13th Feb. 1874, No. 26.
14	The Superintendent of Inam Settlements was asked to report under what circumstances he reduced the amount of *gulta* for the Allemanahalli village in the Bánavar Taluk from Rs. 162—14—7 to Rs. 119-0-0.	Do do	
15	A manuscript copy of a return of prices current of food grains in Mysore and Coorg, for the fortnight ending 30th June 1874, was submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	
16	The Deputy Commissioners of Kolar and Túmkúr were requested to submit the return of wages of labor for the half-year ending 30th June 1874.	Do do	
17	In reply, the Commissioner of Ashtagram was requested to submit further information in connection with an application made by the Military authorities for 3 pieces of land to be used as an encamping ground in the village of Bilikere Periyapatna Taluk.	Do do	
18	Copy of a letter from the Commissioner of Nagar, proposing the abolition of some of the forms prescribed for adoption in the proceedings of sale of a revenue defaulter's property, was forwarded to the Commissioners of Nundydroog and Ashtagram for opinion.	8th do	
19	The Survey Commissioner was requested to submit statements shewing the number, names, and the amount of remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs fixed for each village into which the scheme for remuneration has been introduced.	Do do	
20	In reply, the Commissioner of Nagar was asked to state why the sites formerly selected for the construction of 2 *Musafarkhanas* in the town of Chikmagalur have been abandoned, and the grant of fresh sites applied for.	Do do	*Vide* Part I, "Rev." for Jan. 1874, No.
21	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's satisfaction at the efforts made to utilize the local fund and irrigation cesses in opening out certain lines of road, was communicated to the Commissioner of the Nagar Division.	Do do	*Vide* Part I, for April 1874, Rev. Ag. and Com. Nos. 27 and 28.
22	Under the sanction of the Government of India, a notification amending Clause IV of Rule VII for the settlement of *inam* money payments, was published in the *Mysore Gazette*.	Do do	*Vide* Part II, "Rev." Progs. for April No. 41.
23	As suggested by the Commissioner of Nundydr[illegible] the circular orders of the Chief Commissioner abolishing restrictions on all applications for land, were embodied in a notification in Kanarese and copies forwarded to the Commissioners of Divisions for distribution.	9th do	*Vide* Part I, "Rev." of Progs. for May 1874, Index Nos.
24	The usual season report for the week ending 9th July 1874 was signalled to the Government of India.	Do do	10 to 11.
25	As requested by the Commissioner of Nagar, sanction was conveyed to the appointment of a Nirganti on a salary Rs. 6 per mensem to look after the Karanji tank at Chikmagalur.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	10th do	
26	In reply, the Commissioner of Nagar was requested to submit certain further information in connection with the proposal to exempt from sayer duty all articles brought for sale to the market at Nagar.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
27	In reply, the Commissioner of Nundydroog was requested to direct the Deputy Commissioner of Kolar to meet the Director of Revenue Settlements (Madras) in person for the settlement of the Punganur boundary dispute on such date as the latter Officer may fix.	10th July 1874.	*Vide* Part II, "Revenue," of Progs., for April 1874, No. 39.
28	Colonel Puckle was requested to forward the Mauritius pods referred to in his letter of the 11th June for transmission to the Government of India.	13th do	*Vide* Part II, "Rev.," of Progs. for June 1874,
29	As solicited by the Commissioner of Nundydroog, sanction was conveyed to the alienation of a piece of land to the ryots of Madagundhalli for building purposes.	14th do	No. 51.
30	The sanction of the Government of India was solicited to the permanent remission of the assessment Rs. 3—15—7 payable on the above mentioned land.	Do do	
31	Copy of a letter from the Government of India, stating that the Secretary of State had been asked to supply the information as to the method used in France and Italy in extracting oil from the seed of the sun-flower, was forwarded to Colonel Boddam.	Do do	
32	Three printed copies of the returns of food grains in Mysore and Coorg, for the fortnight ending 30th June 1874, were forwarded to the Government of India to replace manuscripts.	Do do	
33	The Commissioners of Divisions were requested to submit annually, in the prescribed form, statements shewing alienations of assessed lands made during the year, together with full particulars of the grounds of grant in each case.	Do do	
34	In reply, the Commissioner of Nundydroog was informed that Major Hill had been asked to give him a small quantity of Hinginghat cotton seed.	15th do	*Vide* this Statement No. 13.
35	The season report for the week ending 16th July 1874 was signalled to the Government of India.	16th do	
36	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of Túmkúr was requested to explain certain discrepancies in the statements of demand, collection and balance for March 1874.	Do do	
37	Copy of a letter from the Military Assistant, bringing to notice certain discrepancies in the statement of compensation proposed to be paid for the land taken up for the extension of the Kunigal farm, was forwarded to the Commissioner of Nundydroog for explanation.	17th do	*Vide* Part II, "Rev.," of Progs. for May 1874, No. 19.
38	As directed by the Government of India, the Government of the Straits Settlements was requested to furnish a supply of clove seed for experimental cultivation in Mysore.	Do do	Do do for Nov. 1873, No. 13.
39	On the recommendation of the Commissioner of Nagar, sanction was conveyed to the alienation of a piece of land to the villagers of Hirekorlahalli, Shikarpur Taluk, as a building site.—Communicated to Survey and Settlement Commissioner.	18th do	
40	In reply, certain instructions were communicated to the Commissioner of Ashtagram, relative to levying a certain extra charge in the Talkad Taluk on account of Revenue Process Establishment.	Do do	
41	At the instance of the Survey Commissioner, the Superintending Engineer of Irrigation Works was requested to submit a list of such tanks as absolutely require the reservation of a strip of land, 10 feet wide, along the base of their bunds.	Do do	Vide Part II, "Rev." Progs., for June 1874, No. 8, also Part I, "Revenue" for March 1874, Nos. 67 to 68.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
42	Copies of a letter from the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, issuing instructions for the punctual submission of the half-yearly lists of Officers in the Forest and Survey Departments, were forwarded to the Conservator of Forests and the Survey Commissioner respectively, for information and guidance.	21st July 1874.	Part II, "Forests" for June 1874, No. 1.
43	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in Mysore and Coorg, for the fortnight ending 15th July 1874, was submitted to the Government of India.	22nd do	
44	As requested by the Inam Superintendent, sanction was conveyed to the *muzrayi* allowance of a recipient in the Devanhalli Taluk being commuted into a lump sum of Rs. 30 on the conditions stated.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	23rd do	
45	As requested by the Military Assistant, sanction was conveyed to the payment of Rs. 29—11—10 as compensation for the land taken up for the butts for the use of the Barr Regiment at Mysore.	Do do	
46	Two copies of the lists of Officers in the Survey and Forest Departments on the 1st April 1874, received from the Government of India, were forwarded to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner.	Do do	
47	As requested by the Commissioner of Nagar, sanction was conveyed to the entertainment of a temporary establishment for six months in the current year for the collection of coffee revenue in the Vastara and Lakvalli Taluks.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
48	The season report for the week ending 23rd July 1874, was signalled to the Government of India.	24th do	
49	Copies of a compilation of the Revenue Acts and principal orders in force in Mysore, were circulated to the several Heads of Departments.	Do do	
50	Three printed copies of the return of prices current of food grains in Mysore and Coorg were forwarded to the Government of India.	27th do	
51	Copies of certain papers authorizing the allotment from "Local Fund General" of a sum of Rs. 5,000 to supplement the Kadur District local fund in addition to Rs. 1,000 already assigned therefrom, for the plantings at Chikmagalur, were forwarded to the Chief Engineer, and the Controller, Public Works, Accounts, respectively, for information and guidance.	Do do	Progs. for August 1873, Part II, "Revenue," No. 15.
52	In reply, the Superintending Engineer of Irrigation Works was requested to submit certain information in connection with the restoration of the breached tank of Herganhalli and the amount of damage that would ensue thereby to Mr. Walker's landed property.	29th do	*Vide* Part I, "Rev." Progs. for April 1873, Index No.
53	Certain original papers were forwarded to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner for the issue of the necessary orders for the settlement of the boundary dispute between the Sivanagere and Borsandra *inam* villages in the Maddagiri and Sira Taluks respectively.	Do do	
54	Under the circumstances represented by the Commissioner of Ashtagram, sanction was conveyed to the resumption of the coffee estate known as "Bangari Udur," and to its sale by public auction.	Do do	
55	As requested, three Mauritius Vanilla pods were forwarded to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	*Vide* this Statement No.
56	As requested by the Commissioner of Nundydroog, sanction was conveyed to a sum of Rs. 183—5—3 being written off the accounts, being the amount of irrecoverable balances in the Túmkúr District.	30th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
57	At the instance of the Commissioner of Nagar, the Inam Superintendent was requested to explain certain discrepancies in the statement showing the sums credited in each District on account of quit-rent imposed under the Inam settlement.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	30th July 1874.	
58	As requested by the Inam Commissioner, sanction was conveyed to the cancelment of the order for the resumption of the *Muzrayi* allowance of an *inam* in the Turuvekere Taluk.	Do do	
59	On the recommendation of the Inam Commissioner, sanction was conveyed to the restoration of a village service *inam*, Sakrepatna, Chikmagalur Taluk.	Do do	
60	The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, was informed that the Government of India had sanctioned the permanent remission of Rs. 9-9-7 on land proposed to be allotted to the villages of Belikere in the Seringapatam Taluk as building sites.	31st do	
61	The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, was informed that the Government of India had sanctioned to the permanent remission of assessment of Rs. 5—6—6 on certain dry lands in the Ashtagram Taluk, granted for building sites.	Do do	
62	The sanction of the Government of India, Foreign Department, to the permanent remission of assessment on a piece of land in the Hassan District, was solicited.	Do do	
63	The season report for week ending 30th July 1874 was signalled to the Government of India, Agricultural Department.	Do do	

Mysore Chief Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, *August* 1874.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

FORESTS.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Fifty copies of the Mysore Forest Budget for 1874—75 were printed and forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	1st July 1874.	
2	As solicited by the Conservator, sanction was conveyed to the entertainment for three months of a Writer on Rs. 20 per mensem, for the Office of Mr. King, Assistant Conservator.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
3	In reply, the Conservator was informed that, as the object of the orders of the Government of India on the subject of forest receipts and expenditure, contained in their No. 15—571 of 29th May 1874, is carried out by the procedure now in force, no further action in the matter seems necessary.	Do do	
4	As solicited by the Conservator, sanction was conveyed to the disbursement of Rs. 20 per annum to one Hanumant Rao, being rent for a piece of land occupied as a temporary wood depôt at Kumrur in the Sorab Taluk.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	4th do	
5	In reply, approval was conveyed to the course suggested by the Superintending Engineer to be pursued in felling, for the use of the Public Works Department, trees grown on *batayi* lands.—Communicated to Conservator.	Do do	
6	Copy of a letter from the Government of India, requesting to be supplied with 400 instead of 350 copies of the Annual Forest Department Reports, was sent to the Conservator, and was also noted in this Office.	7th do	
7	In reply, the Conservator was requested to submit further information in connection with an application for a free grant of wood to certain ryots whose houses were destroyed by fire.	8th do	
8	In reply, copy of a communication from the Commissioner of Nagar, on the subject of preventing the abuse of the privilege, enjoyed by ryots, of felling wood free of charge, was sent to the Conservator with an intimation that the Chief Commissioner approved of the proposal therein made.—Communicated to Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	
9	In reply, the Conservator was requested to send the maps of certain reserve forests alluded to by him.	9th do	*Vide* Part II of Progs. for June 1874, No. 26.
10	As solicited by the Conservator, sanction was conveyed to the free grant of timber and bamboos to the ryots of Ganga Rajpur to re-build their houses destroyed by fire.	Do do	
11	An application for the free grant of wood for building shops in the market, proposed to be opened at Nagar, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests for report.	10th do	*Vide* Part II, Revenue, of Progs., for this month, No. 26.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	Copies of a letter on the relative value of coal and wood on Railways in Panjáb, received from the Government of India, were sent to the Conservator of Forests.	10th July 1874.	
13	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that the arrangement for renting the land referred to in the Sorab Taluk as a wood depôt is only a temporary one.	13th do	*Vide* this Statement No. 4.
14	Copies of a note on lac compiled by Mr. O'Connor, received from the Government of India, were forwarded to the Conservator of Forests, Superintendent, Lal Bagh, Colonel Boddam, and Colonel Puckle.	14th do	
15	Copy of a letter from the Conservator of Forests suggesting that bamboos to the value of Rs. 50 annually may be allowed free to each District for fencing Government plantations, &c., was forwarded to the Commissioner of Nagar for report as to the probable quantity of bamboos required for fencing the Government plantations in the Kadur District.	20th do	Part II, Rev. Forest for June 1874, No. 34.
16	Copy of the Chief Commissioner's Review of the report of the results of the District-Forest scheme in Mysore, for the half-year ending 31st December 1873, was forwarded to the Commissioner of Ashtagram with certain instructions.	21st do	Part I, Forests, Progs. for April 1874, Nos. 3 to 6.
17	Copy of a letter, received under endorsement from the Government of India, addressed to the Governments of the North-West Provinces, Panjáb &c., directing the submission of the half-yearly report on Forest Apprentices on 1st April and 1st October of each year, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests.	22nd do	
18	Copies of Lists of Officers in the Forest Department on the 1st April 1874, received from the Government of India, were forwarded to the Conservator of Forests for distribution.	23rd do	
19	A statement of references from the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests) remaining unanswered on the 30th June 1874, was submitted to the Government of India.	24th do	
20	Copies of certain papers, received from the Government of India, connected with the recent conference of Forest Officers held at Allahabad, were forwarded to the Conservator for distribution to the officers of the Forest Department.	Do do	
21	On the recommendation of the Conservator of Forests, sanction was conveyed to the free grant of wood and bamboos to the ryots of the Chikjambur, and Goddankuppa villages in the Shikarpur Taluk for re-building their houses destroyed by fire.	27th do	
22	Copy of communication from the Nagar Commissioner, applying for a supply of bamboo branches free of charge to the Shimoga Municipality, was forwarded to Conservator of Forests for attention.	31st do	
23	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was informed that all trees growing on *batayi* lands, whether reserved or unreserved, belonged to Government.	Do do	
24	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was requested to submit a draft of certain additional rules which he proposes to issue to stop the abuse of the privilege enjoyed by ryots of felling timber free of charge.	Do do	
25	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the employment of a Pleader to conduct a case brought by one Ranga Rao, against the Forest Department, in case it was not settled by arbitration, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1874.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	As solicited by the Commissioner of Ashtagram, sanction was conveyed to a bill for Rs. 180—0—9, being the salary of the establishment maintained for the up-keep of the Idahalla kaval in the Hassan Taluk.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	1st July 1874.	
2	Copy of a despatch from the Secretary of State, sanctioning an indent for printing paper, was communicated to the Superintendent of the Government Press.	Do do	
3	As solicited by the Commissioner of Ashtagram, sanction was conveyed to a bill for Rs. 63—8—t. being the cost of belts required for the peons of his Office.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	2nd do	
4	In reply, a sum of Rs. 2—10—0 was forwarded to the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore, in adjustment of the railway charges incurred on two cases of medical stores.	Do do	
5	On the recommendation of the Commissioner of Nagar, sanction was conveyed to the grant of a gratuity of Rs. 198—4—4 to one Budan Khan, late a peon in the Shimoga Taluk.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	3rd do	
6	As solicited by the President of the Bangalore Town Municipal Commission, sanction was conveyed to the disbursement of Rs. 551—6—1 on account of certain works from the Municipal Budget of 1874—75.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	4th do	
7	As solicited by the Commissioner of Nundydroog, sanction was conveyed to the disbursement of gratuity of Rs. 234 and 108 respectively to Subbaiya a Raktwan, and Timmaiya a sweeper, on the establishment of the Nundydroog Commissioner.—Communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
8	In reply, the remarks of the Chief Commissioner on the explanation submitted by the Commissioner of Nundydroog on certain points connected with the Municipal Budget of the Kolar District for 1874—75, were communicated to the latter Officer.	Do do	*Vide* No. 74. Financial. Part II, for April 1874.
9	A receipt for certain arms and ammunition sent by the Commissary of Ordnance at Bangalore, was forwarded to that Officer, and he was requested to refund a sum of Rs. 1—6—6, the cost of 25 rounds of "Martini" ammunition returned to him.	Do do	
10	An indent in duplicate for clothing required for the Mysore Siledar Horse was submitted to the Government of India, for transmission to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.	6th do	
11	A P. S. transfer receipt for Rs. 63—2—0 was forwarded to Messrs. Higginbotham and Co., being payment for certain copies of the "Madras High Court Reports" supplied by them.	Do do	
12	A transfer receipt for Rs. 7—14—0 was forwarded to Messrs. Higginbotham and Co., being the cost of one copy of "Dr. Nicholson's snakes."	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
13	Copy of a docket, sanctioning a refund of Rs. 39—8—0 to one Mahomed Khan, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.	6th July 1874.	Part II, F Finl. No. 6 25th Apri 1874.
14	A contingent bill of expenses incurred in the Agricultural Department, during the month of June 1874, amounting to Rs. 35—2—0, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General duly countersigned.—Communicated to Colonel Boddam.	Do do	
15	On the recommendation of the Commissioner of Ashtagram, sanction was conveyed to the grant of an invalid pension of Rs. 6—1—1 per mensem to Gundappa, late Nagadi Gumasta in the Heggaddevankote Taluk.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
16	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was requested to state whether the forms of accounts in use in Mysore differ from those of the Comptroller General, and if he deemed a revision of the former needful,	Do do	
17	The sanction of the Government of India was solicited to the grant, as a special case, of a compassionate allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem to Khaja Husen, late a Jamadar in the Mysore Horse.	Do do	
18	In reply, copy of a report by the Deputy Accountant General on the subject of the forms of accounts and estimates of Provincial Services and of Local and Municipal Funds in use in Mysore, was submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	
19	As solicited by Colonel Puckle, sanction was conveyed to an expenditure of Rs. 860 for erecting additional rooms to the "Darwinia" at the Lal Bagh, Bangalore.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	7th do	
20	Copy of a letter from the Government of India, requesting the submission of a practical rule to be laid down in granting pensions and gratuities to men of the Mysore Police discharged under the new system, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, for opinion.	Do do	
21	As solicited by the Commissioner of Ashtagram, sanction was conveyed to the expenditure of Rs. 315 in repairing Kikkeri Sub Rao's Chatram, and to the purchase of brass vessels required for the said Chatram at a further cost of Rs. 193.	Do do	
22	As solicited by the Commissioner of Ashtagram, sanction was conveyed to an estimate amounting to Rs. 702 for renewing the roof of the Municipal Office at Mysore.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	8th do	*Vide* Part I for January 1874, Index No.
23	Sanction was conveyed to a bill submitted by the Commissioner of Nagar amounting to Rs. 9,345—8—0, being the amount of compensation due to the Patels and Shanbhogs in the Channagiri, Shikarpur and Sorab Taluks, for 1873—74.	9th do	also Part I, Finl. 30th July 1873.
24	As recommended by the Deputy Accountant General, sanction was conveyed to a supplemental gratuity roll on behalf of Giddobli, a Police peon of the Koratagere Taluk amounting to Rs. 110.	Do do	Part II for March 1874, Finl. No. 42.
25	Copy of a statement received from the Commissioner of Nundydroog giving details of the disbursements made in removing the village of Jimimcheri was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, with a request that he will state how the balance of Rs. 715—15—9 therein referred to should be adjusted.	Do do	
26	As requested by the Judicial Commissioner, the Deputy Accountant General was authorized to pass the charges for the Police establishment of the Chitaldroog District, according to the Deputy Commissioner's abstract for March 1874, till such time as the establishment is placed on the scale recently ordered.	10th do	*Vide* Part I, Judicial, of Progs. for May 1874, Nos. 1—2.
27	On the recommendation of the Military Assistant, sanction was conveyed to the grant of gratuities aggregating Rs. 1,025—0—0 to seven	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Jhandawallas of the Mysore Siledar Horse.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.		
28	The Superintendent of the Jubbulpore School of Industry was requested to despatch certain tents for the use of the Mysore Government estimated to cost Rs. 4,335—2—3.	10th July 1874.	
29	As solicited by the Judicial Commissioner, sanction was conveyed to an expenditure of Rs. 22—15—8 incurred by the Munsiff of No. I. Sub-Division, Bangalore District, in excess of the contingent grant, in the purchase of stationery.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
30	As requested by the Director of Public Instruction, sanction was conveyed to the purchase of 30 copies of "Rajasekara Vilasa" in Kanarese, at a cost of Rs. 37—8—0.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
31	In reply, the Commissioner of Nagar was requested to submit certain explanation in connection with a charge of Rs. 79—14—0, said to have been incurred for weeding the Cinchona Plantation on the Baba-budan Hills.	Do do	
32	A bill amounting to Rs. 3—4—0 on account of charges incurred in the carriage of a parcel containing tunics for certain men of the 4th Light Cavalry doing duty with the Mysore Horse, was forwarded to the Military Assistant for adjustment.—Communicated to the Commandant, 4th Light Cavalry.	Do do	
33	As requested by the Commissioner of Nagar, sanction was conveyed to an expenditure of Rs. 81—4—0 for making up belts for the peons of the Shimoga District Office and the Sagar Sub-Division Assistant's Court.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
34	As requested by the Superintendent, sanction was conveyed to an expenditure of Rs. 5—8—0 in making up a belt and a brass plate for the additional peon at the Lal-Bagh.	Do do	
35	A Notification regarding the responsibilities of Deputy Commissioners of Districts and Treasury Officers was published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and the Commissioners of Nundydroog and Ashtagram were requested to relieve the Treasury Officers of Bangalore and Shimoga of as much revenue work as possible.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	13th do	S 9
36	As solicited by Colonel Puckle, sanction was conveyed to an appropriation of Rs. 4,000 provided in the Budget for carrying out certain improvements to the Lal-Bagh at Bangalore.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
37	Copies of a letter communicating the sanction of the Government of India to the entertainment of the proposed establishment for the new Civil Hospital at Mysore involving an extra charge of Rs. 99 per mensem, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General and to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department.	14th do	*Vide* Part II, Financial, of Progs., for April 1874, No. 23.
38	As solicited by Colonel Sankey, sanction was conveyed to a sum of Rs. 320 being allotted from the current year's Budget provision under "26 Miscellaneous" to the Lal-Bagh for the purpose of procuring from new South Wales 100 young "auricaria" and other plants.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
39	As solicited by the Commissioner of Nagar, sanction was conveyed to an estimate for Rs. 80 for purchasing an almirah and 20 tin cases for securing the Revenue Survey accounts and maps in the Shimoga District Office.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	15th do	
40	As requested by the Superintendent of Inam Settlements, sanction was conveyed to the payment of Rs. 4 per mensem towards the rent of the house occupied by the Inam Office, in addition to the sanctioned rent of Rs. 60 per mensem.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	16th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
41	As requested a bill for Rs. 141—11—4 in adjustment of freight and pier charges, &c., paid in India on stores supplied by Her Majesty's Secretary of State per S. S. "Palestine" and "Sea Gull," was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	17th July 1874.	
42	A transfer receipt for Rs. 57—6—9, being the cost of parchment supplied to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, was forwarded to the Officer in charge of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury for realization and credit in the accounts of the Mysore Treasury.	20th do	
43	On the recommendation of the Commissioner of Ashtagram, sanction was conveyed to the supplemental Budget estimates of the Taluk Municipalities in the Hassan District for 1874—75.	Do do	
44	A transfer receipt for Rs. 5—10—0, in adjustment of the cost of certain numbers of the journal of the Agri-Horticultural Society of India, was forwarded to the Secretary of the above Society.	21st do	Part II, General, for June 1874, No. 68.
45	As solicited by the Officer in charge of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, Bangalore, sanction was conveyed to the expenditure of Rs. 37—14—0 in procuring belts for the peons of the Treasury.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
46	Copy of a letter from the Financial Department of the Government of India intimating the acceptance of the tender put in by the Mysore Administration for the investment of ten lacs of rupees in the 4 per cent loan recently advertised by the Government of India, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
47	As solicited by the Commissioner of Nagar, sanction was conveyed to a bill for Rs. 81—0—0 on account of making up belts for the peons of the Deputy Commissioner's Office, Kadur District.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
48	As recommended by the Commissioner of Nundydroog, sanction was conveyed to the grant of a gratuity of Rs. 380 and 156 respectively to Appaiya, shroff of the Mulbagal Taluk and Chik Muniga, Revenue peon, Kolar Taluk.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
49	A transfer receipt for Rs. 25—14—0 was forwarded to Messrs. Higginbotham and Company in adjustment of account ending 30th April 1874.	Do do	
50	As solicited by the Commissioner of Nundydroog, sanction was conveyed to a bill amounting to Rs. 14—6—5, being the pay of the watermen employed for the bamboo plantation near Government-House during May and June 1874.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	22nd do	
51	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, sanction was conveyed to the purchase, at a cost of Rs. 95, of 40 copies of the "Chanbasvapurana."—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
52	Copy of a letter from the Comptroller General, Calcutta, intimating the acceptance of the tender put in by the Mysore Administration for the investment of 10 lacs of rupees in the loan recently advertised by the Government of India, was sent to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
53	In reply, the Inspector General of Registration was authorized to purchase the copies of the Indian Penal Code and the Code of Civil Procedure required for his Office.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
54	On the recommendation of the Commissioner of Nundydroog, sanction was conveyed to the grant of a gratuity of Rs. 91—0—0 to Narayani, a peon of the 2nd Assistant Commissioner's Court, Bangalore District.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	23rd do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
55	As requested, a bill for Rs. 900, being the cost of printing 200 copies of the Revenue Manual, was returned to the Superintendent of the Central Jail Press duly countersigned.	21th July 1874.	
56	As solicited by the Deputy Accountant General, sanction was conveyed to two bills aggregating Rs. 13,380—10—9 on account of temporary remuneration due to the Patels and Shanbhogs in the Chitaldroog District up to 31st March 1874.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, Survey Commissioner, and Superintendent, Revenue Survey.	25th do	
57	An indent in duplicate for school books and stationery required for sale in the Central Book Depôt during the year 1875—76 was submitted to the Government of India for transmission to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.	27th do	
58	As solicited by the Commissioner of Nagar, sanction was conveyed to a bill for Rs. 7—10—8, being the cost of rattan baskets, &c., required for the sayer kattes of Kabnad and Humcha in the Nagar Taluk.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	28th do	
59	On the recommendation of the Deputy Accountant General, sanction was conveyed to the grant of an invalid gratuity of Rs. 370 to Krishnappa, Harikar in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury.	Do do	
60	As requested by the Deputy Accountant General, sanction was conveyed to the grant of certain gratuities aggregating Rs. 558—6—3 to 7 men of the Chitaldroog Police Force.	Do do	
61	The Deputy Accountant General was requested to submit certain information on the subject of providing funds for a certain tank project in the town of Malur.	Do do	
62	As requested by the Amche Bakshi, sanction was conveyed to the proposed re-distribution of the Amche Office establishment at headquarters, no extra charge on the State being thereby involved.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	29th do	
63	As requested by the Conservator of Forests, sanction was conveyed to the purchase of a new hill tent at a cost of Rs. 484 for the Officer in charge of Plantations in the Nundydroog Range.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General,	D do	
64	Correspondence relating to the claims of Chimnaiya and Nizamoddinkhan, discharged Killedars, and for report as to the pensions they were entitled to under the rules.	31st do	
65	The service roll of Krishna Rao, Amildar of the Huliyurdurga Taluk, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General for verification.	Do do	
66	Rupees 6—12—0 were remitted to the Military Assistant in adjustment of the cost of certain cloth purchased from his stores.	Do do	
67	On the representation of the Judicial Commissioner, a gratuity of Rs. 42 was sanctioned on behalf of a peon on the establishment of the Bangalore Central Jail.	Do do	
68	As solicited by the Judicial Commissioner, the purchase of an almirah for Rs. 45, for keeping records in the Chitaldroog Judicial Assistant's Court, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
69	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the continuance of certain temporary arrangements made in his Office establishments until such time as the actual requirements of his Office and that of the Deputy Inspector General of Police could be definitely determined on.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1874.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, was informed that no more copies of the report on the Administration of Mysore for 1872—73 could be spared.	1st July 1874.	
2	In reply, the Director of Public Instruction was informed that Captains Blair and Magrath were nominated as members of the Committee for the examination of Officers in Kanarese and Hindustani.—Communicated to Captains Blair and Magrath.	2nd do	
3	A memo of propositions to be laid before the meeting of the Bangalore Cantonment Municipal Commission to be held on the 14th instant, was sent to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette, for publication.	Do do	
4	Sanction was conveyed to the grant of six months' leave of absence from his station to Pallegar Rangappa of Chikballapur.	Do do	
5	In reply, the President of the Bangalore Cantonment Municipal Commission was asked to submit further information in connection with certain grazing lands situated in the fort claimed by the Commissary of Ordnance.	Do do	
6	Copies of a list of the Military Stations in the Bengal Presidency according to the spelling settled by the Government of India, were forwarded to the Compiler Mysore Gazette, for publication, and to the Commissioners of Divisions and the Deputy Commissioners of Districts for information.	Do do	
7	Notification transferring the Túmkúr Taluk, at present under the charge of the Deputy Commissioner, to the Chikanayakanhalli Sub-Division, and the Kadaba Taluk, now under the Sub-Division Officer, to the charge of the Deputy Commissioner, was published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and a copy sent to the Commissioner of Nundydroog.	3rd do	
8	In reply, a message was signalled to the Government of Madras stating that orders regarding the selection of elephants by the Commissariat Department will issue on receipt of a report from the Commissioner of Ashtagram.	Do do	
9	A message was signalled to the Guardian to the Maharaj, enquiring how many elephants from the number recently caught, would be required for the Palace.	Do do	
10	The Commissioners of Divisions were requested to submit at an early date the statement of Uncovenanted Servants dismissed during the half year ending 30th June 1874.	Do do	
11	Notification appointing Ramachandra Rao, Naib Sheristadar of the Shimoga Judicial Assistant's Court to act as Amildar of the Kavaledurga Taluk was gazetted, and a copy sent to the Commissioner of Nagar.	Do do	
12	Notification granting Narsimmaiengar, Amildar of the Talkad Taluk, two months' privilege leave, and appointing Govindrajulu Naidu, Sherista-	4th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	dar of the Nanjangúd Sub-Division Court to act in his stead, was gazetted, and a copy sent to the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division.		
13	In reply, the President of the Bangalore Cantonment Municipal Commission was requested to consult the Friend-in-Need Society on the subject of establishing an asylum for incurables, and to submit a further report on the subject.	4th July 1874.	
14	In reply, Mr. Macrae was informed that the Mysore Government was unable to subscribe for any copies of the "Indian Contract Act" published by him.	Do do	
15	In reply, the Government of India was informed that Form IV, A. "Ecclesiastical," appended to the Annual Administration Reports of Mysore and Coorg, was considered fairly accurate, and its retention as an appendix to the Reports was suggested.	Do do	
16	Copy of a Gradation and Distribution List of Officers in the Mysore and Coorg Commissions for the quarter ending 30th June 1874, was submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	
17	As requested by the Commissioner of Ashtagram, 40 copies of the "Manual of Instructions for the guidance of Shanbhogs" was forwarded, for the use of the Shanbhogs in the Yélandur Jahagir.	Do do	
18	Copy of a Notification, together with Draft Rules for the administration of Local Funds in Mysore as amended by the Government of India, were sent to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette, for publication.	6th do	
19	In reply, the President of the Bangalore Cantonment Municipal Commission was requested to take steps to have the duties of supervising the Sadar Distillery and of holding auction sale of all lands belonging to the Municipality, carried out by his own establishment.	Do do	
20	On a representation made by the Director of Public Instruction, the Chief Engineer was asked to prepare and submit a plan and estimate for a bungalow for the Head Master of the Kolar Government School.	Do do	Part II, General, for June 1874, No. 76.
21	A statement of Civil Servants absent on furlough, special and subsidiary leave, for the quarter ending 30th June 1874, was submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	
22	In reply, the Collector of Belgaum was informed that the Mysore Government had no use for the available copies of Hopes' Manual of Revenue Accounts proffered by him.	Do do	
23	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's acknowledgments of the satisfactory manner in which the Municipal Commissioners of Bangalore performed their duties, were communicated to the President, and he was informed that the question of remunerating the members need not be further considered at present.	Do do	
24	As requested, two copies of a Manual of the principal revenue accounts and orders in force in Mysore were submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	Part II, General, Sept. 1873, No. 56, and May 1873, No. 27.
25	Messrs. Higginbotham and Co. were requested to send 15 copies of "Dr. Nicholson's Treatise on Indian snakes," 2nd edition.	Do do	
26	The usual monthly tabular statement of vacancies and a register of effective and non-effective Officers in Mysore and Coorg, with proportionate return, for July 1874, were submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	
27	A statement of references from Government remaining unanswered, for the quarter ending 30th June 1874, was submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
28	Two copies of the Gradation and Distribution Lists of Officers in the Mysore and Coorg Commissions, for the quarter ending 30th June 1874, were submitted to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.	7th July 1874.	
29	Copy of a list of Officers on leave permitted to return to duty, received from the Government of India, was forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction.	Do do	
30	Thirty printed copies of the Report on the Administration of the Registration Department in Mysore, for the year 1873—74, were forwarded to the Government of India.	Do do	
31	Five copies of the Civil Lits of the Mysore and Coorg Provinces, for the quarter ending 30th June 1874, were submitted to the Government of India, Financial Department.	8th do	
32	In reply, the Commissioner of Nundydroog was requested to state whether the Killedars of Mulbagal and Betmangala, reported to be unfit for Police work under the new system, are absolutely unable to serve in any other Department.	Do do	
33	In reply to a proposal to assign the *Mohatarfa* collections in the Town of Chikmagalur to the Municipality on the understanding that it will maintain its own Police Force, the Commissioner of Nagar was requested to submit certain further information on the subject.	Do do	
34	In reply, the President of the Bangalore Cantonment Municipal Commission was requested to submit a bye-law for the removal of glandered horses beyond the limits of the Municipality.	Do do	
35	In reply, the President of the Bangalore Town Municipal Commission, was requested to state finally which of the projects submitted by the Executive Engineer for improving the drainage of the Pete has been adopted, and to submit a formal application for a loan of the sum required to carry out the same	Do do	*Vide* Part II, "General," for June 1874, No. 25.
36	On the recommendation of the Commissioner of Ashtagram, sanction was conveyed to the transfer of the management of the Mahadevapur Jahagir from Lakshman Rao, to Ram Rao, the adopted grandson of the original grantee.	9th do	
37	In reply, a grant in the name of Mr. Pfleidorer on behalf of the German Mission at Mangalore for a building site at Kudr Muk, was returned to the Commissioner of Nagar duly registered and signed.	Do do	*Vide* Part I, "General," Progs. for Sept. 1873, Index Nos. 15 and 16.
38	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the tents required for the Deputy Inspector General of Police have been indented for from Jabbulpoor.	10th do	
39	A Notification converting into privilege leave the sick leave granted to Bhim Rao, Amildar of the Lakvalli Taluk, was published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and a copy sent to the Commissioner of Nagar.	Do do	
40	A further explanation, received from Colonel Beddam, in connection with certain pecuniary claims brought against him, was forwarded to the Adjutant General of the Army, Fort Saint George.	Do do	
41	In reply, the Commissioner of Nagar was informed that the tents required for the Deputy Commissioner of Chitaldroog have been intended for from Jabbulpoor.	Do do	
42	The despatch of 60 copies of the Report on the Mysore General Census of 1871, was intimated to H. M.'s Under-Secretary of State for India.	Do do	
43	In reply, the Honorary Secretary to the Manjarabad Coffee Planters' Association was informed that the suggestion to adopt some uniform	Do do	Part II, General, Progs. for May 1874, No. 45.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	system for the adequate punishment of persons convicted of coffee stealing is one in which the interference of Government is not called for.		
44	Under the circumstances stated, the Inam Superintendent was requested to report if he still required a printing press and table for printing the Quit-Rent Registers, &c., of the Inam Department.	10th July 1874.	
45	In reply, the Commissioner of Nagar was requested to submit explanation of certain discrepancies in the season reports of the Shimoga and Kadur Districts for the month of May 1874.	Do do	
46	A Notification discharging A. Ponnusami a Medical Student, reported as unlikely to qualify for the Public Service, was published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and a copy sent to the Deputy Surgeon General.	Do do	
47	The packing account of the stores received for the Medical Department per S. S. "*Timor*" was forwarded to the Surgeon to the Mysore Commission to be receipted and returned.	Do do	
48	A copy of the Mysore Census Report of 1871 was forwarded to each of the Secretaries to the Roman Catholic, the London, and the Wesleyan Missions in Mysore.	Do do	
49	Three copies of the Indian Medical Gazette Vol. IX, No. 7, were forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General for distribution.	Do do	
50	The appointment of Mahomed Mainuddin to act as 5th Grade Amildar of the goribidnur Taluk was gazetted, and a copy sent to the Commissioner of Nundydroog.	13th do	
51	A Notification commuting to sick leave the privilege leave granted to Mr. Assistant Commissioner Shanmugavelu Pille, was published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and copies sent to the Commissioner of Ashtagram and Mr. Shanmugavelu Pille.	14th do	
52	In reply, the Commissioner of Nundydroog was authorized to purchase a copy of Prinsep's Criminal Procedure Code for the use of the Closepet Sub-Division Assistant Commissioner's Court.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
53	In reply, the Proprietor of the "*Karnatik Prakasika*" was requested to supply one copy of his paper to this Office.	Do do	
54	In reply, the Commissioner of Ashtagram was informed that the further report submitted by Mr. Sanderson regarding the elephants captured up to 3rd July is considered satisfactory.	Do do	*Vide* Part I, General, of these Progs., No.
55	In reply, the Commissioner of Ashtagram was informed that no spare copies were available of either the Madras or Mysore Administration Report for 1871—72.	Do do	
56	Copies of a letter from the Government of India, on the subject of the Municipal duties leviable on Government Stores, were forwarded to the Commissioners of Divisions, the Superintendent of Coorg, and the President, Municipal Commission, for early report.	Do do	
57	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's approval was conveyed to the strictures passed by the Commissioner of Nagar on Colonel Bruce for delay in repairing a tank which breached in 1872.	Do do	
58	The grant of one month's privilege leave to Mr. Assistant Apothecary Hellein was gazetted, and a copy of the Notification sent to the Deputy Surgeon General.	15th do	
59	As requested by the Honorary Secretary to the Bengal Famine Relief Fund Committee for Mysore, a copy of the Proceedings of the said Committee was ordered to be published in the Local Gazette.	Do do	

	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	A Notification transferring Krishnaiengar, Amildar of Channagiri to the Koppa Taluk, and Mahomed Tayer, Amildar of the latter taluk to Channagiri, was published in the Gazette, and a copy sent to theCommissioner of Nagar, with a request that he will report whether it is not necessary to punish Krishnaiengar by degradation.	15th July 1874.	
	Copies of the Gradation and Distribution Lists of Officers in the Mysore and Coorg Commissions, for the quarter ending 30th June 1874, were forwarded to the several Officers of the Commission.	Do do	
	In reply, the Commissioner of Nagar was requested to obtain from Madras and submit for sanction an estimate for making up the seals required for the use of the several Courts in his Division.	Do do	
3	As requested by the Honorary Secretary, Dhanjibhai Framji Reading Room and Library, copies of certain Administration and Educational Reports of Mysore and Coorg were forwarded for the use of the Library.	Do do	
4	A report was submitted to the Government of India, stating that no casualties among the European Uncovenanted Officers employed in Mysore and Coorg had occurred during the half-year ending 30th June 1874.	16th do	
65	The Agent to the Peninsular and O. I. N. Company was requested to despatch to the address of the Assistant Under-Secretary of State for India, a case containing 60 copies of the report on the Mysore General Census of 1871.	17th do	
66	Copies of the Chief Commissioner's Diary of Proceedings for the month of June 1874, were despatched to the Foreign, Financial and Home Departments, and to the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
67	Ten printed copies of the Mysore Civil List, as it stood on the 1st July 1874, were submitted to the Government of India.	Do do	
68	In reply, the Proprietor of the Mysore Book Depôt Press was informed that Administration and other Government Reports were not usually supplied to private firms.	Do do	
69	Ten printed copies of the catalogue of books registered in the Province of Mysore during the quarter ending 30th June 1874, with two copies of each of the books entered therein, were forwarded to the Government of India.	Do do	
70	In reply, the Inspector General of Registration was informed that the explanation furnished by him in regard to the average cost of registration was considered satisfactory.	Do do	
71	Notification granting the Amildar of Hiriyur seven days' privilege leave, and appointing the Sheristadar of the said taluk to act during his absence, was gazetted, and a copy sent to the Commissioner of Nagar.	21st do	
72	A Notification by the Chief Commissioner, giving publicity to the rules for the establishment of Local Committees for the administration of Local Funds in Mysore, was published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and a copy submitted to the Government of India.—Copies of the Notification were also distributed to the Commissioners of Divisions.	22nd do	
73	Copy of a letter from the Inam Superintendent, stating that a separate press will not be required for his Office if the printing is expeditiously performed at the Government Press, was forwarded to the Superintendent of the Government Press with certain instructions.—Communicated to Inam Superintendent.	Do do	*Vide* this Statement No. 44.
74	A copy of the first report on the meteorology of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts for 1873, received from the Resident at Hyderabad, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General for perusal and return.	23rd do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders
75	In reply, the Government of India in the Home Department was informed that 25 copies of the sanitary despatch and memorandum on the Report of the Administration of the Madras Municipality for 1871-72, would be required for distribution among the Head Quarter Municipalities in Mysore and Coorg.	23rd July 1874.	
76	In reply, the Commissioner of Nundydroog was authorized to purchase, and submit a bill, for the hand punches required for the use of the several Courts, in the Division for cancelling Court Fees labels.	Do do	
77	Copies of a Notification by the Government of India fixing the spelling of the names of the more important places in Mysore were forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner, Secretary, P. W. D., and the Commissioners of Divisions.	24th do	
78	Copies of a Notification by the Chief Commissioner and of the Rules (as amended by the Government of India) for the establishment of Local Committees for the administration of Local Funds in Mysore, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, Chief Engineer, Director of Public Instruction and Controller, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
79	Copy of a letter from the Surgeon General, I. M. D., Fort Saint George, applying for a copy of any existing law or Municipal Bye-Law restraining the sale of poisons in Mysore was forwarded to the Commissioner of Nundydroog, and to the President of the Cantonment Municipal Board for report.	Do do	
80	The grant of one month's privilege leave to the Amildar of the Harnhalli Taluk, and the appointment of Raghavendra Rao, Naib Sheristadar of the 1st Assistant Commissioner's Office, Hassan District, to act in his stead, was gazetted, and a copy of the Notification sent to the Commissioner of Ashtagram.	Do do	
81	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was informed that, except on special and adequate grounds, the Chief Commissioner was not prepared to authorize the production in a Court of departmental correspondence which may be considered privileged.	27th do	
82	Two copies of a List of Officers in the Survey and Forest Departments, received from the Government of India, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
83	The bi-monthly return of stores under provision up to 30th April 1874, received from the Director General of Stores, was circulated among the Heads of Departments concerned.	28th do	
84	The grant of eleven days' privilege leave to Tirumal Rao, Amildar of the Anantapur Taluk, was gazetted, and a copy of the Notification sent to the Commissioner of Nagar.	Do do	
85	Copies of the Archæological Survey Reports of India, Vol. IV, received from the Government of India, were forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner, and the Commissioners of Divisions.	Do do	
86	In reply, the President of the Cantonment Municipal Commission was informed that the Chief Commissioner had no objection to the erection of a Roman Catholic Chapel in the old Cemetery in Richmond, as solicited by Dr. Chevallier.	Do do	
87	Copy of correspondence received from the Government of India relative to certain alleged discrepancies between the articles indented for for the Government Press in February 1872, and those shipped, was forwarded to the Superintendent of the Government Press for early report.	Do do	
88	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was authorized to purchase a copy of Prinsep's Code of Criminal Procedure for the Court of the 2nd Assistant Commissioner, Hassan District.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
89	A copy of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings for the month of June 1874, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner for record.	28th July 1874.	
90	Copy of an order received from the Government of India, intimating that the Governor General in Council will not interfere with the orders passed in the case of Mr. J. H. Middlecoat, late Head Accountant in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	Part II, Financial June 1874, No. 54.
91	A Notification sanctioning certain arrangements in the Inspection and Teaching Staff of the Educational Department was published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and a copy sent to the Director of Public Instruction, with a request that an effort may be made to have the post of Deputy Inspector of Schools filled by a Native on the next occasion of its becoming vacant.	Do do	
92	At the instance of the Deputy Surgeon General, I. M. D, the Survey and Settlement Commissioner was requested to forward a supply of the new taluk maps of the Nundydroog, Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions for distribution to Medical Officers.	29th do	
93	Copies of a letter from the Government of India, requesting the submission of a half-yearly return of casualties among European pensioners in Mysore and Coorg, were forwarded to the Commissioners of Divisions, Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Superintendent of Coorg, respectively, with the necessary instructions.	Do do	
94	In reply, the Commissioner of Nagar was requested to explain why the one month's privilege leave granted to Vedantaiengar, Amildar of the Honnali Taluk, has been exceeded.	Do do	Part II, General, Progs. for June 1874, No. 91.
95	At the instance of the Deputy Surgeon General, I. M. D., the Government of Madras was requested to place the services of a 2nd Class Assistant Apothecary at the disposal of this Government, for the charge of the New Civil Hospital at Mysore.	Do do	Part II, Financial Progs. for April 1874, & July 1874, No.
96	Copy of a letter and of its enclosure from the Secretary, Department Public Works, regarding two subordinates of that Department having been detained at Chikmagalur for want of carts, was forwarded to the Commissioner of Nagar for disposal with special reference to Chief Commissioner's Proceedings, dated 7th February 1874, No. 6185—206.	Do do	Part I, General, Progs. for Feb. 1874, Index Nos. 1 and 2.
97	Mr. Steele was requested to state if he would accept Rs. 2,000 for his house at Kolar, required for the accommodation of the Master of the Government School at that station.	Do do	*Vide* this Statement No.
98	In reply, the attention of the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, was solicited to this Office letter of 8th November 1872, and to the Appendices of the Administration Report of Mysore for the year 1872, which embodies the meteorological results of the Bangalore Observatory.	Do do	
99	Copy of a letter from the D. P. W. Secretary was forwarded to the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, with a request that the names of the Assistant Engineers therein referred to may be submitted with those of other persons nominated to form the District Local Fund Committees of Kolar and Túmkúr.	30th do	
100	The packing account of the S. S. "Malwa" was forwarded to the Military Assistant and to the Surgeon, with a request that it may be receipted and returned.	Do do	
101	In reply, the President of the Cantonment Municipal Commission was requested to settle the question of the grass lands in the fort claimed by the Military Authorities after a personal communication with the	Do do	*Vide* this Statement No. 57 2nd July 1874.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Commissary of Ordnance, and to submit a report on the arrangement entered into.		
102	A Notification received from the Comptroller General, regarding the change of rate of exchange on Overland Money Orders, was sent to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication.	30th July 1874.	
103	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of a scheme submitted by him relating to a cattle show to be held in the vicinity of Bangalore; but that, before the rules and prize list were published, it was desirable they should be compared with those prescribed for similar shows in the Madras Presidency.	Do do	
104	In reply, copy of a communication from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, relating to the matter of any families skilled in sericulture going to Khandesh, was forwarded to the Bombay Government with a remark that the best arrangement would appear to be for the Bombay Government to depute an Agent to engage men for the purpose who would doubtless be easily procured.	Do do	
105	Copy of despatch from the Government of India to Her Majesty's Secretary of State, relative to certain clothing required for the Mysore Troops, received from Under-Secretary in the Financial Department, was forwarded to Military Assistant.	Do do	
106	Copy of a communication from the Assistant Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, requesting the discontinuance of the Kanarese translations of the *Mysore Gazette*, supplied to his Office, was forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette for attention.	Do do	
107	An application for gratuity on behalf of a peon in the Asham Department was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General for verification of services.	Do do	
108	Copy of a memo received from the Secretary, in the D. P. W., representing the want of arrangements for the conservancy of the drinking water in No. 1. Reservoir in the Bangalore Cantonment, was forwarded to the President, Municipal Commission, for early report as to the rules in force regarding the reservoir in question and other reservoirs, and the measures taken to enforce them.	Do do	
109	Heads of Departments were informed that the mode of spelling 'Kaveri' should be altered to 'Cauvery' in the lists fixing the spelling of the more important places in this Province.	Do do	
110	As recommended by the Ashtagram Commissioner, the exchange of two female elephants of those recently captured, for the one attached to the temple at Chamrajnagar, was sanctioned.	Do do	
111	Messrs. Higginbotham and Co. were requested to forward a copy of "Taylor's Medical Jurisprudence."	31st do	
112	Four statements shewing the operation of the European Vagrancy Act XXI of 1869, and Act XXVIII of 1871, in this Province, for 1st half-year ending 30th June 1874, were submitted to the Government of India, Home Department.	Do do	
113	Certificate of Marriage for quarter ending 30th June 1874, was submitted to the Government of India, Foreign Department.	Do do	
114	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a remission of assessment on behalf of one Shanmuga Modaliar was sanctioned.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, *August* 1874.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

EDUCATIONAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, sanction was conveyed to the assignment of the provision for pupil teachers at the Honnavalli, Saklespur and Magadi Schools, to 3 other schools where the need for assistance was urgent.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	13th July 1874.	
2	Copies of a Resolution by the Government of India sanctioning the entertainment of certain additional pupil teachers, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, and the Director of Public Instruction.	15th do	
3	Copies of a letter from the Government of India, Home Department, sanctioning grants in-aid to certain schools in Mysore, were forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction, and the Deputy Accountant General, respectively.	22nd do	Part II, General, June 1874, No. 3.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1874.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1874.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	As solicited by the Military Assistant, sanction was conveyed to the destruction of an English stallion reported to be affected with a disease of the lungs.	7th July 1874.	
2	The usual monthly return of the Mysore Siledar Horse, for June 1874, was forwarded to the Quarter Master General of the Army, Fort Saint George.	9th do	
3	Copy of the Proceedings of the Madras Government, sanctioning the transfer to the Mysore Horse of Havildar-Major Gazaffer Beg of the 4th Light Cavalry, was sent to the Military Assistant, and the Deputy Accountant General.	10th do	*Vide* Part II, General, Progs. for April 1874, No. 73.
4	As solicited by the Military Assistant, the purchase of an Australian stallion for Rs. 1,500 was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	30th do	
5	Copy of a communication from the Adjutant General of the Madras Army, requesting to know if there is any objection to the nomination of an experienced Native Officer for the detachment duty at Mysore, was forwarded to Ashtagram Commissioner for early report.	31st do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1874.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.